

AGENDA PLANNING COMMISSION 155 W. DURIAN, COALINGA, CA 93210 TUESDAY AUGUST 13, 2019

The Mission of the City of Coalinga is to provide for the preservation of the community character by delivering quality, responsive City services, in an efficient and cost-effective manner, and to develop, encourage, and promote a diversified economic base in order to ensure the future financial stability of the City for its citizens.

CALL MEETING TO ORDER (6:00 PM)

Pledge of Allegiance

CHANGES TO THE AGENDA

ROLL CALL

Commissioners: Chairman Sailer

Vice Chairman Jacobs Commissioner Helmar Commissioner Garza Commissioner Pruitt

Staff: Sean Brewer, Community Development Director

Marissa Trejo, City Manager

PUBLIC COMMENTS

Under Government Code 54954.3 members of the audience may address the Commission on any item of interest to the public or on any agenda item before or during the Commission's consideration of the item. State law prohibits the Planning Commission from acting on non-agenda items.

INFORMATION/CONSENT CALENDAR

1. Approval of the Minutes from the February 26, 2019 Meeting

PUBLIC HEARINGS

 Planning Commission Consideration and Recommendation to the City Council, Approval of a Combined Development Application No. CDA 19-01 For A Zoning Text Amendment, Site Plan Review and Notice of Exemption For a Proposed Medical Clinic at the Southeast Corner of E. Polk Street and Forest Ave

DISCUSSION AND/OR POTENTIAL ACTION ITEMS

- 1. <u>Coalinga Planning and Zoning Code 5-Year Review Update: (1) Purpose and Intent (2) Definitions</u>
- 2. <u>Swearing in of Planning Commissioner Joshua Sailer</u>

DEPARTMENT REPORTS

COMMUNICATIONS

- 1. Staff Announcements
- 2. Commissioner Announcements
- 3. Chairman Announcements

ADJOURN



Staff Report- Chairman and Planning Commission

Approval of the Minutes from the February 26, 2019 Meeting Date August 13, 2019 Project Location: Applicant: Owner:			
Prepared By:	Sean Brewer, Community Development Director		
I. RECOMMEND	ATION:		
Approval of the minutes	s from the February 26, 2019 Planning Commission Meeting.		
II. BACKGROUN	D:		
III. PROPOSALA	ND ANALYSIS:		
IV. FISCAL IMPAC	CT:		
V. REASONS FOR	R RECOMMENDATION:		
ATTACHMENTS:			
Description Minutes 2-26-			

MINUTES PLANNING COMMISSION 155 W. Durian, Coalinga, CA 93210 TUESDAY, February 26, 2019

The Mission of the City of Coalinga is to provide for the preservation of the community character by delivering quality, responsive City services, in an efficient and cost-effective manner, and to develop, encourage, and promote a diversified economic base in order to ensure the future financial stability of the City for its citizens.

CALL MEETING TO ORDER (6:00 PM)

Pledge of Allegiance

CHANGES TO THE AGENDA

None

ROLL CALL

Commissioners: Chairman Sailer

Vice Chairman Jacobs

Commissioner Helmar (Absent)

Commissioner Garza Commissioner Pruitt

Staff: Community Development Director, Sean Brewer

City Clerk, Shannon Jensen

Under Government Code 54954.3 members of the audience may address the Commission on any item of interest to the public or on any agenda item before or during the Commission's consideration of the item. State law prohibits the Planning Commission from acting on non-agenda items.

INFORMATION/CONSENT CALENDAR (NONE)

PUBLIC HEARINGS

 Planning Commission Review and Approval of a Conditional Use Permit Application (CUP 18-05), Submitted by the Applicant Next Green Wave, to Manufacture and Cultivate Commercial Cannabis and Cannabis Products with Ancillary Research and Development at 1275 West Elm Ave.

Community Development Director Sean Brewer gave a brief overview of the item.

Chairman Josh Sailer asked if there were any response from the Public Notice?

Mr. Brewer answered, I received no comments.

Chairman Sailer opened the Public Hearing.

Commissioner Pruitt, referencing that the applicants must have Phase I completed within one year, asked will the applicants be needing PG&E to do anything for the facility?

Michael Jennings, Chief Operating Officer of Next Green Wave, answered that all processes are on a small scale, artisanal style methods, to get a premium product. The point being there is no huge power usage for that type of extraction. The current infrastructure fits with that style of extraction. However, Phase II which is the Research and Development facility, that will require a significant amount of power and will require PG&E. Splitting the project into two phases will give us the time we need to get PG&E out there.

Commissioner Pruitt asked, what is the process if we're at the two-year mark and PG&E is putting them off?

Mr. Brewer responded they would just submit a letter requesting an extension. From what I understand power requests in that area are moving a lot faster. Out in the Industrial Park there is no infrastructure at all which has extended the time it takes for PG&E.

Mr. Jennings said, Sean is correct, because there is existing infrastructure here, it is a much simpler project then what we are doing out at the Juniper Ridge Industrial Park.

Vice-Chairman Jacobs asked if the employees in the nursery will be separated from the employees in the manufacturing facility?

Mr. Jennings answered yes, there will be a quarantine area. The R&D facility is all about gathering data and research, we want to keep all the staff rooms separate. The two groups of staff will be managed separately and there will be no chance of co-mingling.

Vice-Chairman Jacobs asked, will you be using some of the employees from the other location, moving them back and forth?

Mr. Jennings answered, no, these are all new hires.

Vice-Chairman Jacobs asked, the second phase, will you be expanding the building, adding a second floor?

Mr. Jennings answered no, it will be all the same floor plan. It will just be another part of the building. All the major infrastructure will be done in Phase I, with just a few walls being put up in Phase II.

Mr. Brewer pointed out that the exhibit included with the Staff Report that has the green and blue hatch lines shows the two phases of the facility.

Chairman Sailer asked Mr. Jennings, have you read, understand and agree to the terms and conditions regarding the approval of the Conditional Use Permit Application?

Mr. Jennings answered yes, absolutely.

Chairman Sailer apologized for not being able to make the tour of the Juniper Ridge Industrial Park facility.

Mr. Jennings said you are welcome out anytime, in fact there have been several changes since the tour and anyone who would like to come out is welcome.

Mr. Jennings thanked Mr. Brewer for all his help during this process. Chairman Sailer closed the Public Hearing. Motion by Jacobs, Second by Garza to Approve a Conditional Use Permit Application No. 18-05 and Adopt Resolution No. 019P-003. Approved by a 4/0 Majority Roll-Call Vote. Helmar Absent DISCUSSION AND/OR POTENTIAL ACTION ITEMS (NONE) **DEPARTMENT REPORTS** 1. Departmental Announcements Mr. Brewer announced he will be attending a Cannabis Summit in Sacramento on April 10th and 11th so he would like to cancel the Planning Commission Meeting scheduled for April 9th. Consensus of the Planning Commission is to cancel the April 9th Planning Commission Meeting. <u>COMMUNICATIONS</u> 1. Staff Announcements NONE 2. Commissioner Announcements NONE 3. Chairman Announcements NONE ADJOURN 6:25 PM Chairman/Vice Chairman

Shannon Jensen, City Clerk

Date



Staff Report- Chairman and Planning Commission

Subject: Planning Commission Consideration and Recommendation to the City Council,

Approval of a Combined Development Application No. CDA 19-01 For A Zoning Text Amendment, Site Plan Review and Notice of Exemption For a Proposed Medical Clinic at the Southeast Corner of E. Polk Street and Forest Ave

Meeting Date August 13, 2019

Project Location: North Side of W. Polk Street between W. Forest Ave and Elm Ave (APN 072-123-

-16s

Applicant: Kelly Architecture and Planning, 6528 Lonetree Blvd. Rocklin, CA 95765 **Owner:** Joe & Donna Knight, 2823 SE Spyglass Drive, Vancouver, WA 98683

Prepared By: Sean Brewer, Community Development Director

I. RECOMMENDATION:

Adopt Resolution 019P-008 recommending to the City Council approval of a combined Development Application (CDA 19-01) inclusive of a Zoning Text Amendment, Site Plan Review and Notice of Exemption for a proposed medical clinic at the southeast corner of E. Polk Street and Forest Ave.

II. BACKGROUND:

On June 11, 2019 the City of Coalinga Community Development Department accepted a combined development application from, Kelly Architecture and Planning (further referred to as the "applicant") for a proposed single story OSHPD 3 medical office building for a future Adventist Health Medical Facility.

Combined Development Applications

Certain development proposals may require multiple discretionary approvals. The simultaneous review of several permits as part of the entitlement process is intended to expedite workflow, reduce the time and cost of processing applications, and assure comprehensive consideration of such projects.

Any application for development, which under the terms of the municipal code, requires more than one discretionary approval, or for which an applicant seeks more than one discretionary approval, shall be processed as a single combined application. If any one application requires City Council approval, the Planning Commission shall be the recommending body to the City Council for all approvals within the combined application and shall make its recommendation following a public hearing. The City Council shall be the approving body for all approvals within the combined application and shall not act without the prior review and recommendation of the Planning Commission.

The following discretionary actions are required by the Planning Commission as part of this application:

- Council recommendation to approve a Zoning Ordinance Text Amendment to allow for the construction of Hospitals or Clinics with a gross floor area in excess of 5,000 square feet; and
- Council recommendation to approve a Site Plan Review for the construction of a new 11,735 square foot Medical Clinic.
- Council recommendation to approve a Notice of Exemption for the environmental determination under the California Environmental Quality Act.

Site Plan Review

According to Section 9-6.402 of the City of Coalinga Municipal Code requires that all applicable new structures permanent or temporary erected in the City require a site plan review and approval by the Planning Commission for consistency with all applicable zoning regulations.

The purpose of the site plan review is to enable the Community Development Director or the Planning Commission to make findings that a proposed development is in conformity with the intent and provisions of the Coalinga Municipal Code, and to guide the Building Official in the issuance of permits. The proposed project does not fall under the exempt projects and projects qualifying for Administrative Site Plan Review; therefore, the proposed project requires site plan recommendation from the Coalinga Planning Commission.

Zoning Text Amendment

The Zoning Map and the Zoning Ordinance text may be substantially amended in two (2) ways, in accord with the procedure prescribed in this article: (1) Reclassification of the zoning applicable to a specific property, designating a change from one district to another district, commonly called "rezoning", (2) Changes in the permitted uses or regulations on property within particular zones or citywide, commonly called "text amendments".

California Environmental Quality Act

This application constitutes a project in accordance with the California Quality Act, therefore staff has prepared an environmental analysis as part of this land use application.

Department Comments

Once the application was deemed complete staff requested comments from the necessary City Departments. This proposal including conditions of approval reflect feedback from the necessary City Departments.

III. PROPOSAL AND ANALYSIS:

General Plan/Zoning Consistency: The location where the proposed clinic will be located has a General Plan designation of (CG) General Commercial with a corresponding zoning designation of (CG) General Commercial. The project proposal is consistent with the land uses permitted in the (CG) zoning designation, however, the development requires the approval of a zoning text amendment to allow for hospitals and clinics to have a gross floor area greater than 5,000 square feet.

Site Plan Analysis

Development Proposal: The proposed project is to construct a new medical clinic approximately 11,735

square feet for general practice medicine including dental services. The proposed project site is located on the north side of W. Polk Street between W. Forest Ave and Elm Ave in the City of Coalinga (APN 072-123-16S). The project site is located on 1.07 acres of vacant land. The clinics hours of operation would be Monday through Friday 8:00 AM to 5:00PM with approximately 16 employees inclusive of doctors, nurses, and administrative staff. The applicant anticipates to see a total of 90-100 patients/visitors per day. The project includes 15 exam rooms, 1 procedure room, and 3 dental chairs with additional office space. The clinic would be supported by 50 parking spaces including 5 ADA stalls, bike racks and bike lockers.

Surrounding Land Uses:

Surrounding Land Use Setting	
South	Commercial Property (Old K-Mart)
West	Chevron Gas Station
East	Walgreens
North	Various Commercial Uses

Access: The project would use the existing driveway at the westerly boundary of the parcel on W. Polk Street with shared access to its adjacent neighbor (Chevron).

Utilities:

Storm Runoff: Existing storm drain facilities are in W. Polk Street and are available to serve this development. Existing Storm water runoff from the project shall continue to be directed to W. Polk Street for collection by the existing storm drain facilities.

Gas: Public Natural Gas Facilities exist in W. Polk Street and are available to serve this development.

Water: Public Water Facilities exist in Polk Street and are available to serve this development.

Sewer: Public Sewer Facilities exist in Forest Avenue and are available to serve this development.

Meters: Meters for water, and gas service shall be requested by the Public Works Department and shall be designed and installed to City Standards. Landscaping shall have its own separate meter.

Building Design: The building is located at the southeast corner of the lot with its entrance adjacent to W. Polk Street accessible from both the street and the parking lot. The building has architectural features to produce an orientation that faces the street and generally parallel to W. Polk Street. The proposed building has been reviewed and determined to be generally consistent with the intent of the development regulations for developments within the downtown overlay district as it relates to orientation, limits of blank walls, windows, wall plane and building articulation, and building entrances.

Parking: In accordance with section 9-4.302 Table 4.4 of the zoning code, the parking requirement for the medical clinic is one stall (1) per 250 sq. ft. of area used for office, clinics, testing, research, administration, and similar activities associated with the principal use. The applicant is providing 50 parking stalls on-site for patients as well as its employees which exceeds the requirement per the planning and zoning code of 47 stalls.

For properties within the Downtown Overlay District, on-street parking directly adjacent to the property may be counted towards required on-site parking as outlined in Chapter 4, Article 3, Off Street Parking and Loading. Therefore, on-street parking would be permitted for this development. Where walkways must be at grade (such as to accommodate ADA path of travel) the walkway must be differentiated from the paving of

the parking lot by contrasting pavement such as pavers or stamped, colored concrete, or by painted stripes.

Refuse Containers: The proposed development provides a location for the trash enclosure. The required refuse containers locations, size, and shape shall be provided on the final site plan and approved by the City of Coalinga's contracted solid waste hauler.

Landscaping: The proposed landscaping exceeds the city's minimum requirement for landscaped areas as it relates to site frontage, parking, highway setbacks and equipment screening. A separate landscape plan will be submitted to the Community Development Department for review and approval prior to building permit issuance.

Parking lot screening. Parking lots shall be screened from adjacent streets by a ten-foot landscape easement containing landscaping, primarily trees and shrubs, a combination of shrubs and berms, not to exceed a three-to-one (3:1) slope or a low, decorative wall not to exceed thirty (30) inches in height, or twenty-four (24) inches high when combined with landscaping, for the purposes of reducing glare from vehicle headlights. Screening shall not block views between thirty (30) inches in height above sidewalk grade and six (6) feet above the sidewalk for security purposes. Planting areas shall be protected by six (6) inches curbs.

Fencing: The project has an existing block wall surrounding the proposed development on the western and norther property lines. In addition to the perimeter block wall there will be security wrought iron security fencing at the northern and eastern locations of the building located near the walkway for emergency exiting.

Lighting: The project will include onsite parking lot lighting, pack lighting for the building and pedestrian lighting in the form of bollards to comply with lighting standards. Lighting shall be provided on the final site plan.

<u>Signage</u>: Signage was not included in this application and will be deferred until final site plan submission prior to building permit issuance. All signage will be approved in accordance with the planning and zoning code related to signage.

Zoning Text Amendment

The Zoning Map and the Zoning Ordinance text may be substantially amended in two (2) ways, in accordance with the procedure prescribed in this article: (1) Reclassification of the zoning applicable to a specific property, designating a change from one district to another district, commonly called "rezoning", (2) Changes in the permitted uses or regulations on property within particular zones or citywide, commonly called "text amendments".

The General Plan currently designates the site as General Commercial (CG) and the City's zoning designation for the site is General Commercial (CG). The zoning text amendment will remove the restriction related to limiting the gross floor area for hospitals and clinics to 5,000 square feet in the (CG) and (MX) zoning designations.

Staff reviewed the findings for a zoning text amendment and found that there were no indications that the amendment would be detrimental to the public interest, health, safety, convenience, or welfare of the City. The zoning text amendment requires four (4) findings to be made in order to approve such an action. As it relates to the general plan, zoning regulations, site location, and environmental considerations such as biological and traffic, this text amendment will not create impacts beyond what is anticipated from other uses within the (CG) zoning designation that are permitted by right and without restrictions on gross floor area (GFA).

For example, staff analyzed the traffic volume differences (Average Daily Volume Peak/Non-Peak) between a retail facility that is permitted by-right with no limit on GFA and that of a medical clinic with a comparable GFA. The retail facility would have twice the average daily traffic volume as the medical office would at the same GFA. Therefore, limiting the size of the facility does not in fact reduce traffic volumes at this location, it will in fact have less traffic volume than an 11,735 square foot retail facility that would not require a text amendment. If the clinic were to be restricted at 5,000 s/f it would still generate less traffic than other permitted uses of a similar size.

Public Notification: On August 1, 2019 public hearing notices were sent to all property owners within 300 feet of the site as required by Local and State law, posted at multiple public locations and emailed to local paper.

Environmental Review: The proposed Combined Development Application has been processed in accordance with the applicable provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act and determined to be a Class 32 exemption under Section 15332 (Infill Development Projects). Class 32 consists of projects characterized as in-fill development meeting the conditions described:

- (a) The project is consistent with the applicable general plan designation and all applicable general plan policies as well as with applicable zoning designation and regulations.
- (b) The proposed development occurs within city limits on a project site of no more than five acres substantially surrounded by urban uses.
- (c) The project site has no value as habitat for endangered, rare or threatened species.
- (d) Approval of the project would not result in any significant effects relating to traffic, noise, air quality, or water quality.
- (e) The site can be adequately served by all required utilities and public services.

Staff has prepared a Notice of Exemption under Section 15332 for infill developments and will file the notice with the Fresno County Clerk's office once the project has been approved by the City Council.

IV. FISCAL IMPACT:

None determined at this time.

V. REASONS FOR RECOMMENDATION:

Site Plan Findings for Approval

According to Section 9-6.404 of the Coalinga Municipal Code, the Planning Commission shall consider the following findings to approve a site plan:

- 1. The proposed construction/alterations are in substantial conformance with the General Plan, zoning ordinance, and any applicable plans adopted by the city.
- 2. The proposed construction/alterations conform to the requirements of the applicable Zoning Districts.
- 3. The proposed construction/alteration conforms to all applicable design standards and guidelines, as adopted by the City Council.
- 4. The construction/alteration will not have significant adverse effects on the public health, safety and welfare.

Zoning Text Amendment Findings

The following standard findings must be made for each Zoning Ordinance amendment:

- 1. The proposed Zoning Ordinance amendment would not be detrimental to the public interest, health, safety, convenience, or welfare of the City.
- 2. The proposed Zoning Ordinance amendment is consistent and compatible with the goals, policies, and actions of the General Plan, and the other applicable provisions of the Zoning Ordinance.
- 3. If applicable, the site is physically suitable (including, but not limited to access, provision of utilities, compatibility with adjoining land uses, and absence of physical constraints) for the requested zoning designations and anticipated land uses/developments.
- 4. The proposed Zoning Ordinance amendment has been processed in accordance with the applicable provisions of the California Government Code and the California Environmental Quality Act.

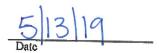
After the public hearing, the Planning Commission shall render its decision in the form of a written recommendation to the City Council. The recommendation shall include: (1) The reasons for the recommendation; (2) The relationship of the proposed amendment; (3) The findings and determinations of the Planning Commission with respect to the proposed amendment.

ATTACHMENTS:

Description CDA 19-01 Application CDA 19-01 Site Plan Set with Elevations Draft Ordinance Text Amendment Resolution 019P-008 with Conditions

CITY OF COALINGA SITE PLAN REVIEW APPLICATION



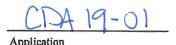


APPLICANT INFORMATION:
Applicant/Property Owner Name: Kelly Architecture & Planning
Mailing Address: 6528 Lonetree Blvd. Rocklin, CA 95765
Telephone Number: 916-797-1199 Assessors Parcel Number: 072-123-16S
Property Location (Street Address): W. Polk Street
Property is located: north side ofW. Polk St Street, between _W. Forest Ave Street and
Elm AveStreet
PROJECT INFORMATION:
Current Zoning:Proposed Zoning
Existing Floor Plan: N/A Proposed Floor Area: 11,432 SF
Describe structure(s) or improvements planned (two family, multi-family residential, commercial, industrial, wall sign, free standing sign etc.) Single story OSHPD 3 medical office building with (15) exam rooms and (3) dental exam chairs
Is project: 🖾 new construction or 🔾 remodeled.
Residential N/A
Number of dwelling units Total of area (in square feet)
Total lot coverage of buildings or structures (in square feet) Percentage of lot coverage%
Number of off street parking spaces provided. CoveredOpen
Total square feet of sign area Total square feet devoted to recreation and open space sq ft.
Give total percentage of lot devoted to recreation and open space
Total square feet of common recreation and open space area
Describe type and material to be used on exterior walls and doors
Commercial
Gross floor area or building when complete 11,432 sq ft.
Describe sign (free standing, affixed to wall etc.)
Number of parking spaces provided 47 Number of customers expected per day estimated 110
Hours and days of operationestimated 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. weekdays
Describe any outside storage of equipment or supplies: none (other than trash)

Industrial	N/A	
Describe any	outside storage of equipment or supplies:	
Maximum m	umber of employees in any daily shift:	
Number of d	Number of delivery or shipping trucks per day:	
Number of de	elivery or shipping trucks per day when construction is complete:	
Site Plan Re	quirements – Mapping/Drawings	
The applicant shall submit fifteen (15) prints of the site plan to the Community Development Director. The Site Plan shall be drawn to scale and indicate clearly and with full dimensions the following information:		
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	The lot dimensions; All building and structures, and their location, elevation, size, height and materials; The yards and spaces between buildings; Walls and fences, and their location, height, and material;	
5. 6.	Off-street parking, including the location, number of spaces, dimensions of the parking area and internal circulation pattern; Access (pedestrian, vehicular and service), points of ingress and egress, and internal circulation;	
7. 8.	Signs and their location, size and height; Loading, including the location, dimensions, number of spaces and internal circulation;	
9. 10. 11.	Lighting, including the location, dimensions, number of spaces and internal circulation; Street Dedications and Improvements; Drainage improvements:	
12. 13.	Landscaping, including the location and type; Fire-preventions equipment and measures, including the location and type;	
14.	For two-family and multi-family dwellings, the location and design of all recreation and open-space area, and the recreation equipment to be included thereon;	
15.	Such other data as may be required to permit the Planning Director to make the required findings.	

The undersigned hereby certify that the information pr	resented in this application is correct.
Signature of Applicant	4.11.19 Date
Joe S Kright Donna Brookings	
Signature of Record Property Owner	Date 04-23-2019

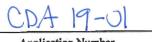
CITY OF COALINGA AMENDMENT TO THE ZONING ORDINANCE APPLICATION

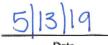


Important: The City of Coalinga will only accept, for processing, an application for a general amendment to the Zoning Ordinance if the proposed amendment is consistent with the Coalinga General Plan. The reason for this policy is that State Law requires that the City's Zoning Ordinance be consistent with the General Plan. Before beginning this application, you should check with the secretary of the Planning commission to determine if the amendment is consistent with the General Plan.

APPLICANT INFORMATION:	
Applicant/Property Owner Name: Kelly Architecture and	Planning
Applicant's Mailing Address: 6528 Lonetree Blvd. Rock	lin, CA 95765
Telephone Number: 916-797-1199	
The answers to the following questions must be made full	and complete.
Please give the number and a brief description of the section to be amended. Section 9-2.303 - Development regulations. Amend I	
to allow for construction of medical office building >5,	
2. Please describe how and why you believe this section shoul	d be amended. The proposed medical office building
will provide community access to necessary medical and	d dental services.
•	
The forgoing statements and answers herein contained and the	information herewith submitted are in all respects true
and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief	
	6528 Lonetree Blvd.
Signature of Applicant	Mailing Address Rocklin, CA 95765
Kelly Maves/Kelly Architecture & Planning	916-797-1199
Name of Applicant (Please Print)	Telephone Number

CITY OF COALINGA





ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW APPLICATION APPLICANT INFORMATION: Applicant: Kelly Architecture & Planning Mailing Address: 6528 Lonetree Blvd., Rocklin CA 95765 Telephone Number: 916-797-1199 Assessor Parcel Number: 072-123-16S Property Owner's Name: Adventist Health Property Owner's A500 Sarth Greenfield Ave, Suite 400 Hanford, CA 92320 Contact Person: Jim Didion 559-537-0076 PROPERTY USE INFORMATION: Size of Parcel (Square Feet/Acres) 46,609 SF/1.07 acres Describe Existing Use of Property: Vacant Square Feet of Existing Building Area N/A Square Feet of Existing Paved Area Current Zoning Proposed Zoning Describe in General Terms Existing Uses to the: North: Bug Me Pest Control, Chevron retail-store (NW) South: Vacant, parking lot East: Walgreens West: Chevron fuel pumps, car wash Are there any man-made or natural water channels on property? No If there are, where are they located Number of existing trees on the site 2 Number of trees to be moved (Age & Type) None Residential N/A a. Number of Dwelling Units: _______ b. Unit Size(s)______

c. Range of Sales Prices and/or Rents (projected):

d. Type of Household Size Expected:

Commercial	
a. Orientation: Neighborhood: N/A	
City or Regional: Regional	
b. Square Footage of Sales Area: N/A (Medical building of 1)	1,432 SF)
c. Range of Sales Prices and/or Rents (Projected): N/A	
d. Type of Household Size Expected: N/A	
e. Number of Employees: Full Time Estimated 16 Part Time	Seasonal
f. Days and Hours of Operation Weekdays, estimated 8:00 a.m.	to 5:00 p.m.
Signature of BOTH the APPLICANT and RECORDED PROPERTY	Y OWNER (S) are required below as applicable.
The forgoing statements and answers herein contained and the infor and correct to the test of my knowledge and belief. Signature of APPLICANT/AGENT	
Kelly Maves, Kelly Architecture & Planning Name of APPLICANT/AGENT (Please Print) 6528 Lonetree Blvd. Pocklin, Co. 95765	Name of OWNER (Please Print)
6528 Lonetree Blvd. Rocklin, Ca 95765 Mailing Address	Mailing Address
916-797-1199	
Telephone Number	Telephone Number





City of Coalinga Community Development Department

APPLICATION FOR ENVIRONMENTAL EVALUATION

1. Owner/Applicant Information

	PROPERTY OWNER'S NAME: Adventist Health, contact: Jim Didion
	PROPERTY OWNER'S ADDRESS: 450 North Greenfield Ave, Suite 400 Hanford, CA 92320
	TELEPHONE: 559-537-0076 EMAIL: didionj@ah.org
	EMAIL. didongean.org
	APPLICANTS NAME COMPANY/ORGANIZATION
	APPLICANT'S NAME, COMPANY/ORGANIZATION:same as above
	APPLICANT'S ADDRESS:
	TELEPHONE:EMAIL:
	CONTACT FOR PROJECT INFORMATION: Kelly Maves, Kelly Architecture & Planning, Inc.
	ADDRESS: 6528 Lonetree Blvd, Rocklin, CA 95765
	TELEPHONE: 916-797-1199 EMAIL: kelly22@kellyarch.com
2.	Location and Classification
	STREET ADDRESS OF PROJECT: W. Polk Street, between W. Forest Avenue and Elm Avenue
	CROSS STREETS: W. Forest Avenue to the east, Elm Avenue to the west
	ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER(S): 072-123-16S
	LOT DIMENSIONS: LOT AREA (SQ FT): 46,609 SF
	ZONING DESIGNATION:GENERAL PLAN DESIGNATION:
3.	Project Description (please check all that apply)
	☐ Change of Use ☐ Change of Hours
	New Construction
	☐ Alterations
	☐ Demolition
	Other (please clarify):

PRESENT OR PREVIOUS USE: Vacant		
PROPOSED USE: Single story OSHPD 3 medical office building		
BUILDING APPLICATION PERMIT #:	DATE FILED:	

4. Project Summary Table

If you are not sure of the eventual size of the project, provide the maximum estimates.

	Existing Uses	Existing Uses to be Retained	Net New Construction and/or Addition	Project Totals
		Project Features		
Dwelling Units			0	0
Parking Spaces			47	47
Loading Spaces			0	0
Bicycle Spaces			2 racks, 2 lockers	2 racks, 2 lockers
Number of Buildings			1	1
Height of Buildings			25	
Number of Stories			1	1
	Gross	Square Footage (GSF)		
Residential	1			
Retail				
Office			11.432	11,432
Industrial				
Parking			1 10 1 10000000000000000000000000000000	
Other				
Other				
Other				
Total GSF			11,432	11,432

Please provide a narrative project description that summarizes the project and its purpose or describe any additional features that are not included in this table. Please list any special authorizations or changes to the Planning Code or Zoning Maps if applicable.

MITTO OFFICE AND ALL A

All Projects

Land Use

What is the current use of the site? <u>Vacant</u> Please list all previous land uses of the site for the last 10 years.		
Neighborhood Contact		
Please describe any contact you have had regarding the p neighbors/property owners adjacent to the subject site, Neighbor Associations, or Community Groups in the project area. No contact has been made yet.	rhood Associ	ations, Business
Site Characteristics		
Providing the following information regarding the environmental setting of the most effective ways to expedite your project's environmental structures, large trees, mature vegetation, natural drainage ways, low during the rainy season, or wetland areas, supplemental information conduct the environmental review of your project.	review. If yo lying areas wl	our site contains nere water pools
Are there any structures or buildings on the project site?	☐ Yes	⊠ No
If yes, how many?		
Are there any trees on the project site? Are any trees proposed to be removed? Does the site contain any natural drainage ways? Does the site contain any wetland areas or areas where water pools during the rainy season?		⊠ No ⊠ No
What land uses surround the project site? (i.e., single-family residential Please describe: <u>Pest control company to the north, Chevron store,</u>		
the west, Walgreens to the east, and vacant area and parking lot to	the south.	

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of the fencing.	ne location, the height, and the	materials (i.e., wood, masonry
Is there parking on-site? If yes, how many spaces on-site for the project?	are existing (for the entire pro	☑ Yes ☐ No perty) and how many are pro Existing 0 Proposed 47
Is any parking proposed off-site? If yes, where will it be loc	cated and how many spaces?	☐ Yes ☑ No
Are you proposing new signs with If yes, please describe the	h the project? e number and type. <u>2 propose</u>	
Are there any easements crossing	g the site?	☐ Yes 🔀 No
	ight/materials of the enclosure	
	of cubic yards allocated for rec	
	uilding Setback from Property I	Lines
В		ines Proposed (feet/inches)
Front	uilding Setback from Property I	ines Proposed (feet/inches) 61'-4" min.
Front Rear	uilding Setback from Property I	Proposed (feet/inches) 61'-4" min. 5'-0" min.
Front	uilding Setback from Property I	ines Proposed (feet/inches) 61'-4" min.
Front Rear Streetside Interior Side What are the front setbacks of the block? If there are no other process. 1st Address: N/A	e two nearest buildings (on adjroperties, please write "N/A."	Proposed (feet/inches) 61'-4" min. 5'-0" min. 5'-4" min. 5'-0" min. acent property) on the same s
Front Rear Streetside	e two nearest buildings (on adjroperties, please write "N/A."	Proposed (feet/inches) 61'-4" min. 5'-0" min. 5'-4" min. 5'-0" min. acent property) on the same s

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Non-Residential Projects

Fill in this section if your	project has a non-resident	ial component.	Complete both	residential a	and
non-residential sections if	you are submitting a mixed	l-use project.			

Hours of operation of the proposed use:	Estimated 8:00	a.m 5:00	p.m. weekdays	
If your project includes fixed seats, how m	any are there?	N/A		

Building Size

Total Building Square Footage On-Site (gross sq. ft.) 11,432

Breakdown of Square Footage – Please Mark All That Apply				
	Existing	Proposed		
Warehouse Area	10.10	0		
Office Area		0		
Storage Area		0		
Restaurant/Bar Area		0		
Sales Area		0		
Medical Office Area		11,432		
Assembly Area		0		
Theater Area		0		
Structured Parking		0		
Other Area*		0		
*Describe use type of "Other" areas.				

Building Height

Existing Building Height and # of Floors:		
Proposed Building Height and # of Floors:	25'-0", 1 story	

Lot Coverage

Total Existing and Proposed Building Coverage Area* (sq. ft.):_	11,465
Project Site Lot Area (sq. ft.): 46,609 SF	
Total Lot Coverage Percentage: 25%	

(Example: building area (2,000') / lot area (5,000') = 40% total lot coverage)

^{*} Include all covered structures (patios, porches, sheds, detached garages, etc.)

Environmental Evaluation Application Submittal Checklist

Application Materials	Provided	Not Applicable
Two (2) originals of this application signed by owner or agent, with all blanks filled in.	7	
Two (2) hard copy sets of project drawings in 11" x 17" format showing existing and proposed site plans with structures on the subject property and on immediately adjoining properties, and existing and proposed floor plans, elevations, and sections of the proposed project.		
One (1) CD containing the application and project drawings and any other submittal materials that are available electronically.		
Photos of the project site and its immediate vicinity, with viewpoints labeled.		
Check payable to Coalinga Community Development Department.	7	
Letter of authorization for agent, if applicable.		V
Available technical studies.		

owner. Signed Application

For Department Use Only

Application Received by Community Development Department:

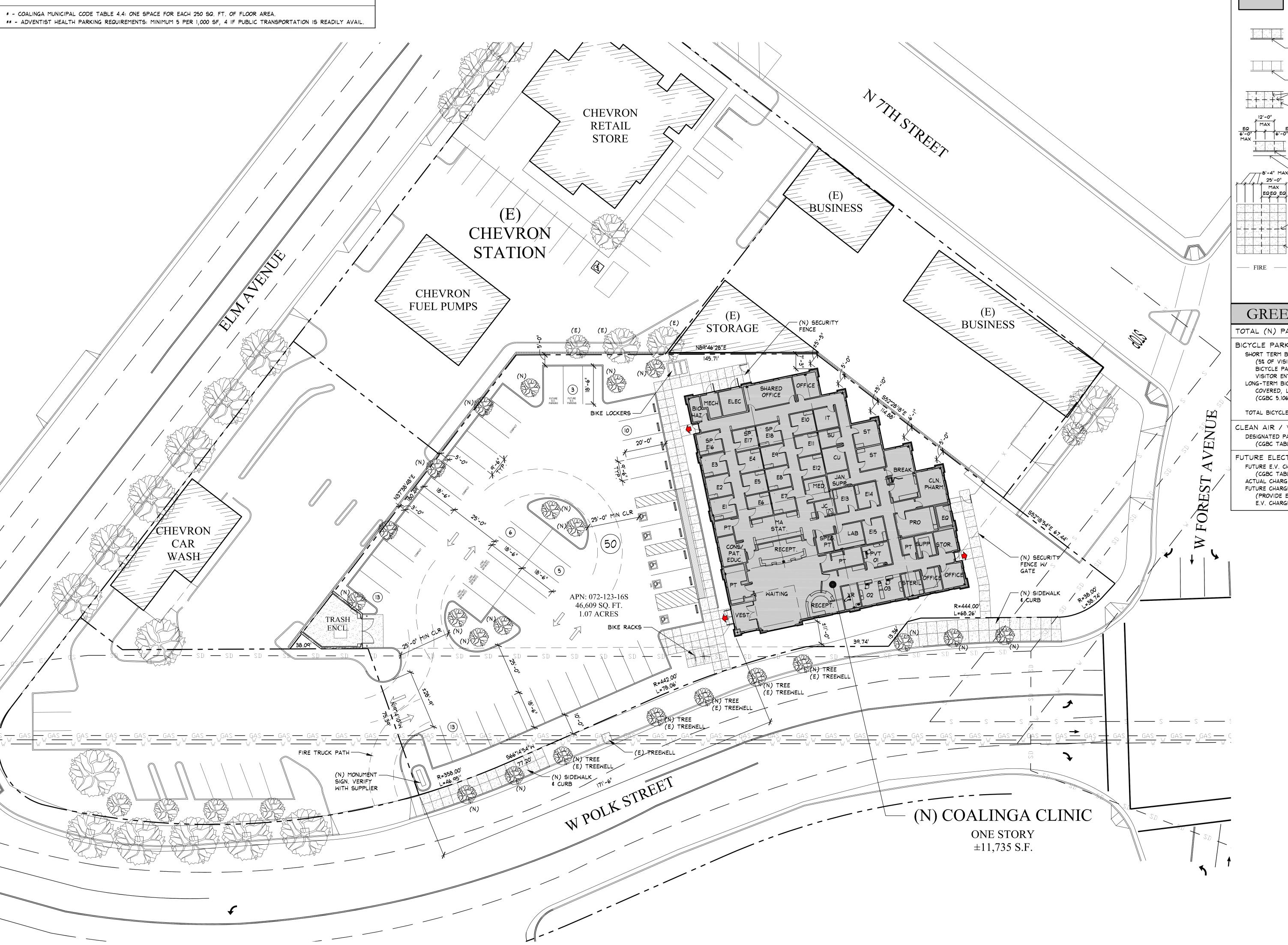
Ву:

Date:

TOTT TOOTTO

BUILDING	SQUARE FOOT /	BED PROGRA	M PARKING A	NALYSIS
	GROSS SF	BEDS	FORMAT	# REQ'D
MEDICAL OFFICE BUILDING			* 1 STALL /	
MAIN FLOOR	11,735	0	250 SQ. FT.	47
OUT-PATIENT MEDICAL CLINIC, LAB, DENTAL CLINIC				
	11 725	0	** STALL /	/ 57\
ADV. HEALTH PARKING REQUIREMENTS	11,735		200 SQ. FT.	(57)
TOTAL REQUIRED PER CITY OF COALINGA:	11,735	0		47
PARKING PROVIDED				
OFF OTDETT DADWING				PARKING
OFF-STREET PARKING				PROVIDED
(N) M.O.B. PARKING LOT				50
TOTA	L			50
	TALLS REQ'D: (10% TOTA	L STALLS PER 2016	G CBC 11B-208.2.1)	5
ADA ST	TALLS PROVIDED:			5
 * - COALINGA MUNICIPAL CODE TABLE 4.4: ONE SPACE ** - ADVENTIST HEALTH PARKING REQUIREMENTS: MININ 			ORTATION IS READ	II Υ Δ\/ΔII
	1011 3 1 210 1,000 31 , 4	II TOBLIC TRANSIC	NIAHON IS NEAD	

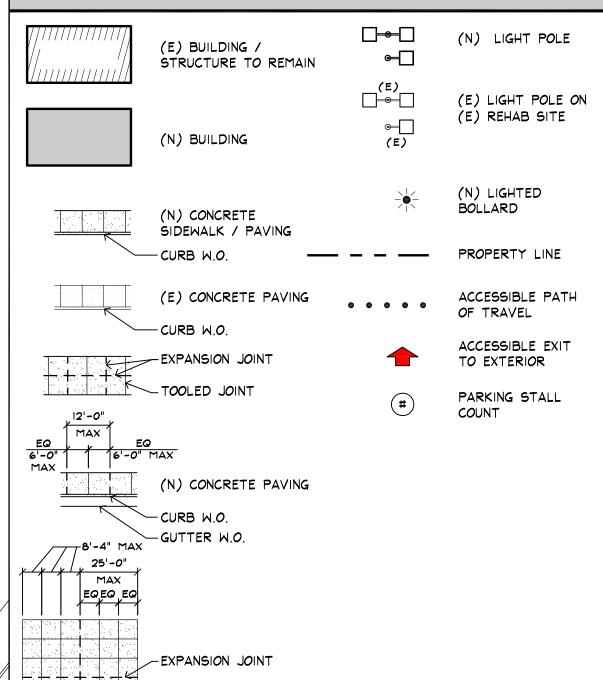
NEW PROPOSED SITE PLAN



GENERAL NOTES

- SEE CIVIL PLANS FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION. UTILITIES SHOWN ARE DIAGRAMMATIC.
- 2. SEE ELECTRICAL PLANS FOR SITE ELECTRICAL & LIGHTING WORK. 3. SEE LANDSCAPING PLANS FOR SITE PLANTING AND SCHEDULE.
- 4. ACCESS TO SITE, ADJACENT BUSINESSES AND FIRE ACCESS ROUTES TO BE MAINTAINED AND CLEAR AT ALL TIMES. COORDINATE CONSTRUCTION STAGING AREA WITH PROPERTY OWNER.

SITE LEGEND



GREEN BLDG CODE ANALYSIS

TOOLED JOINT

APN: 072-123-16S

(N) FIRE LANE PAINTED CURBS, SEE .

GREEN BLDG CODE ANAL	Y 515
TOTAL (N) PARKING SPACES PROVIDED:	50
BICYCLE PARKING SHORT TERM BICYCLE PARKING REQUIRED: (5% OF VISITOR MOTORIZED VEHICLE PARKING. BICYCLE PARKING TO BE WITHIN 200 FEET OF	3
VISITOR ENTRANCES - CGBC 5.106.4.1.1) LONG-TERM BICYCLE RACKS REQUIRED: COVERED, LOCKABLE BICYCLE PARKING REQUIRED: (CGBC 5.106.4.1.2)	3
TOTAL BICYCLE RACKS REQUIRED:	6
CLEAN AIR / VAN POOL DESIGNATED PARKING STALLS REQUIRED: (CGBC TABLE 5.106.5.2)	3
FUTURE ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING SPACES FUTURE E.V. CHARGING STATIONS: (CGBC TABLE 5.106.5.3.3) ACTUAL CHARGING STATIONS PROVIDED: FUTURE CHARGING STATIONS REQUIRED: (PROVIDE ELECTRICAL INFRASTRUCTURE FOR FUTURE E.V. CHARGING STATIONS - CGBC TABLE 5.106.3.2)	2 0 2





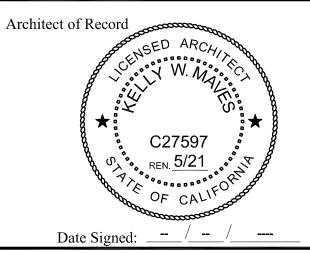
Coalinga Clinic West Polk Street Coalinga, CA 93210

Project Name:

NEW OSHPD 3 MEDICAL OFFICE BUILDING

DESIGN

DEVELOPMENT **DOCUMENTS**



REVISED: 06-20-2019

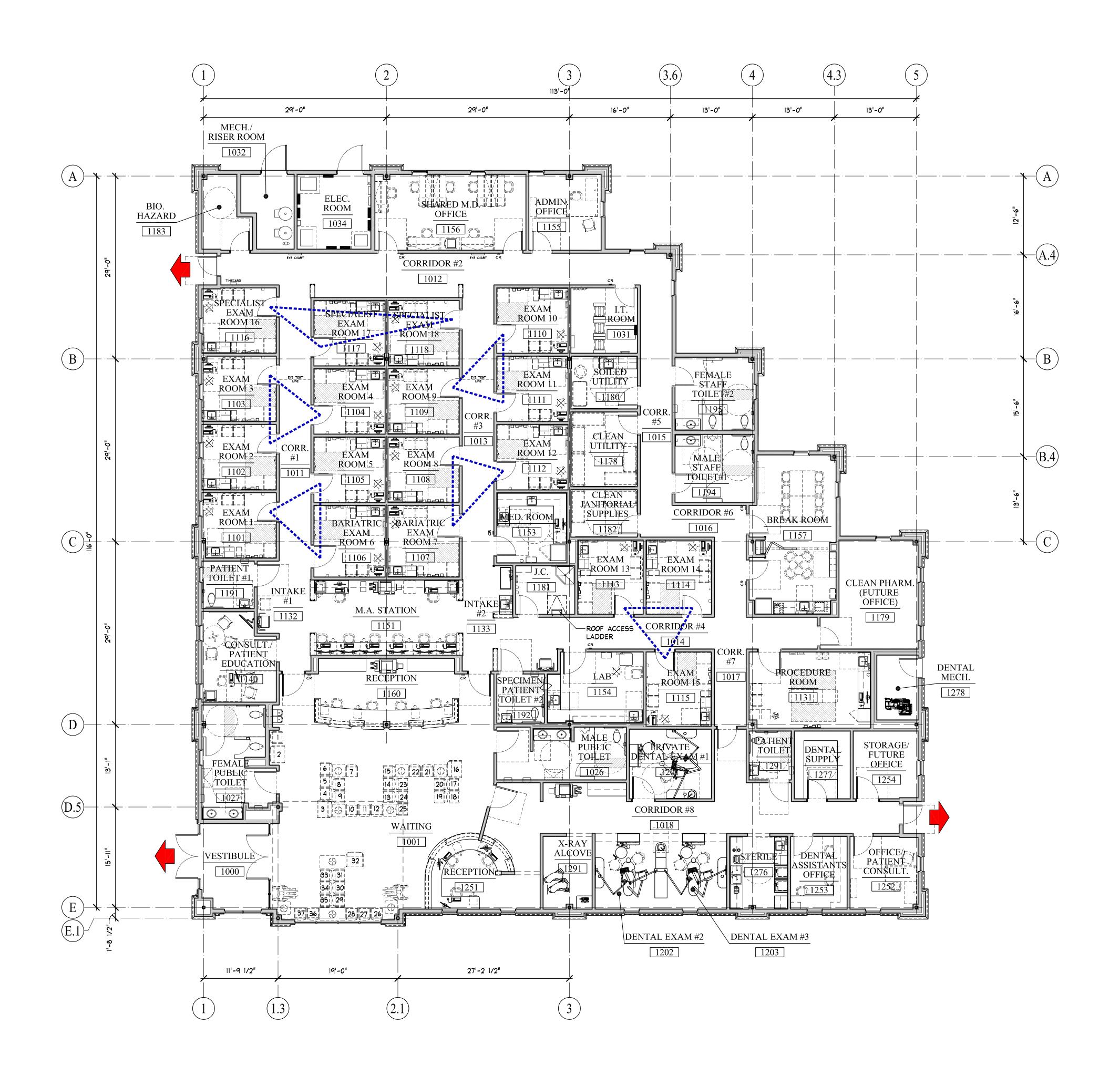
KAP Job No. 400.08 Scale: As Noted Date: 05 / 10 / 2019 Drawn By: RJS / DC/ SB

Checked By: KM Sheet Name

> PROPOSED SITE PLAN

Sheet Number

A1.1



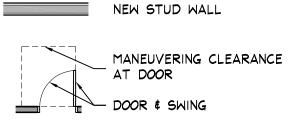
NEW PROPOSED FLOOR PLAN

11,735 SQ. FT.

GENERAL NOTES

- GENERAL CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ALL EXISTING CONDITIONS PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF WORK.
- 2. SEE MECHANICAL, PLUMBING, ELECTRICAL, FIRE SPRINKLER AND FIRE ALARM DRAWINGS FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.
- 3. ALL EXITS SHALL BE FULLY ACCESSIBLE DURING ALL PHASES OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 4. SEE ENLARGED SHEETS (A4.1 A4.4) FOR WALL TYPES.
- 5. THE FLOOR PLAN ON THIS SHEET IS A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE FINAL OVERALL PLAN FOR THE PROJECT. FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION SEE THE ENLARGED DRAWINGS ON SHEETS A4.1 - A4.4.

FLOOR PLAN LEGEND





ADA CLEAR SPACE



SINGLE DOCTOR PATH OF



DESIGNATED WHEELCHAIR USER WAITING



TRAVEL

COALINGA PROGRAM

FUNCTIONAL PROGRAM AND ROOM COMPONENTS	QUANTITY
PROVIDERS SPECIALISTS	4 1.25 6 TOTAL
EXAMS PROCEDURES	15 1 19 TOTAL
DENTISTS EXAM CHAIRS	1 3
LAB	YES
X-RAY	NO

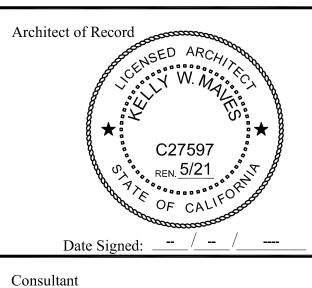




Coalinga Clinic West Polk Street Coalinga, CA 93210

Project Name: NEW OSHPD 3 MEDICAL OFFICE BUILDING

Submittal: **DESIGN** DEVELOPMENT **DOCUMENTS**



Revisions Description Approvals

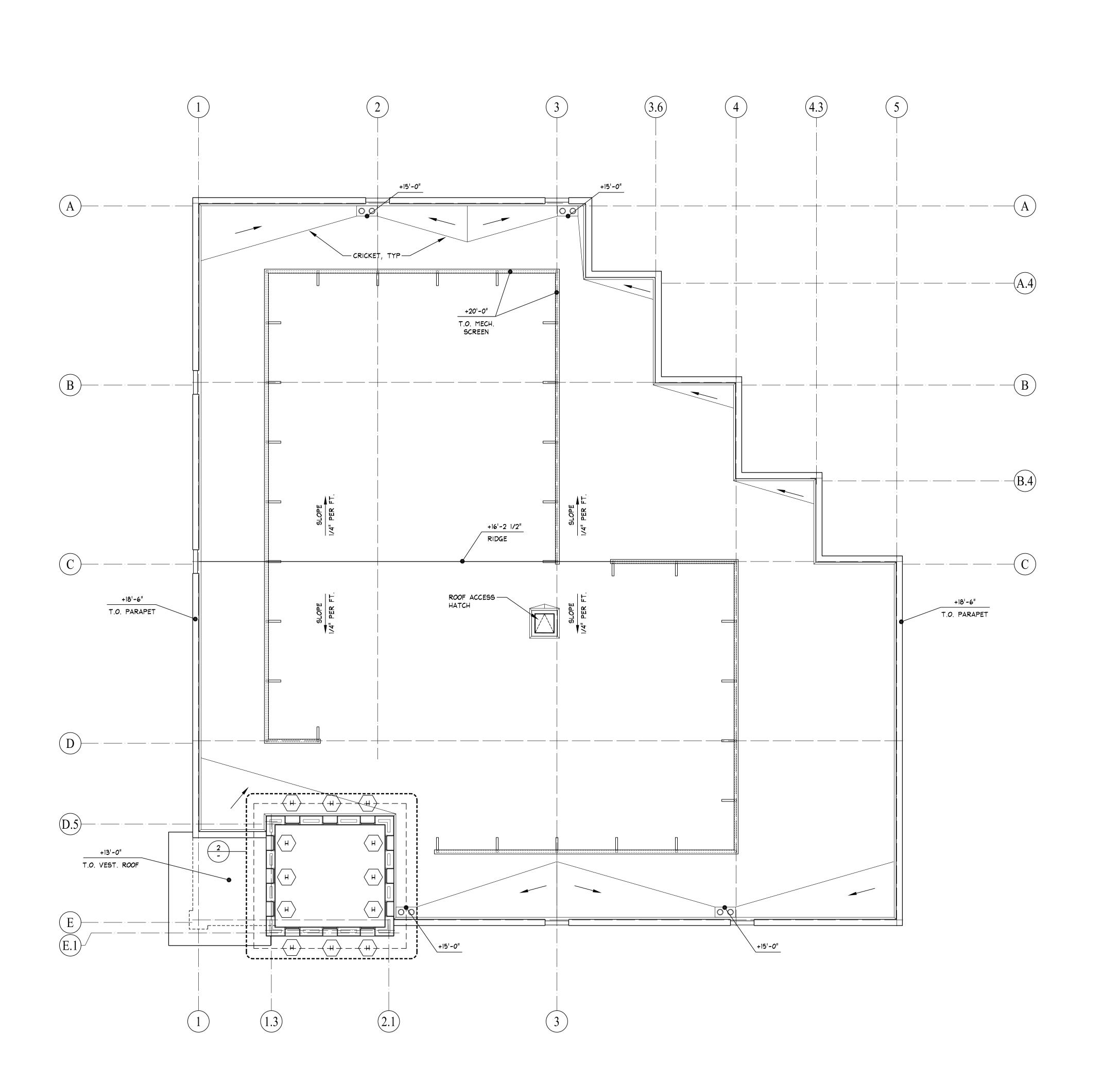
REVISED: 06-20-2019 Key Plan

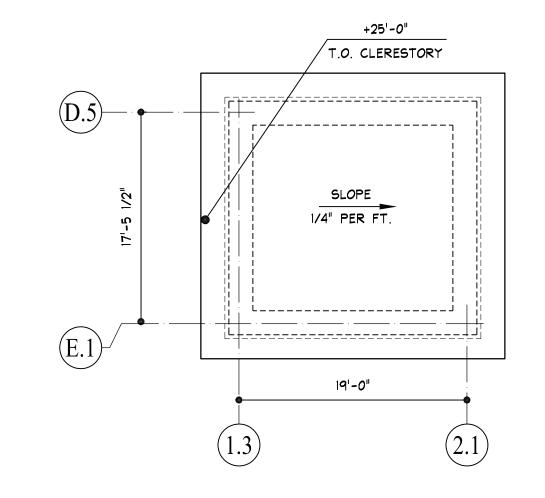
KAP Job No. 400.08 Scale: As Noted Date: 05 / 10 / 2019 Drawn By: RJS / DC/ SB Checked By: KM

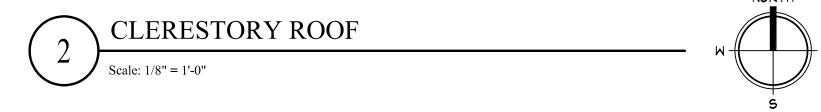
Sheet Name

PROPOSED FLOOR PLAN

Sheet Number









MedCraft
Healthcare Real Estate

Facility:

Coalinga Clinic

West Polk Street

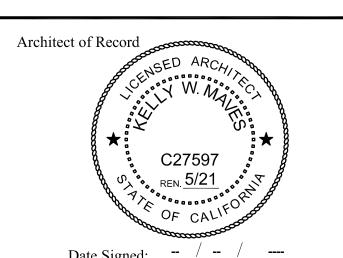
Coalinga, CA 93210

Project Name:

NEW OSHPD 3

MEDICAL OFFICE
BUILDING
Submittal:

DESIGN
DEVELOPMENT
DOCUMENTS



onsultant

Key Plan REVISED: 06-14-2019

N.T.S

KAP Job No. 400.08

Scale: As Noted

Date: 05 / 10 / 2019

Drawn By: RJS / DC/ SB

Checked By: KM

Approvals

Sheet Name

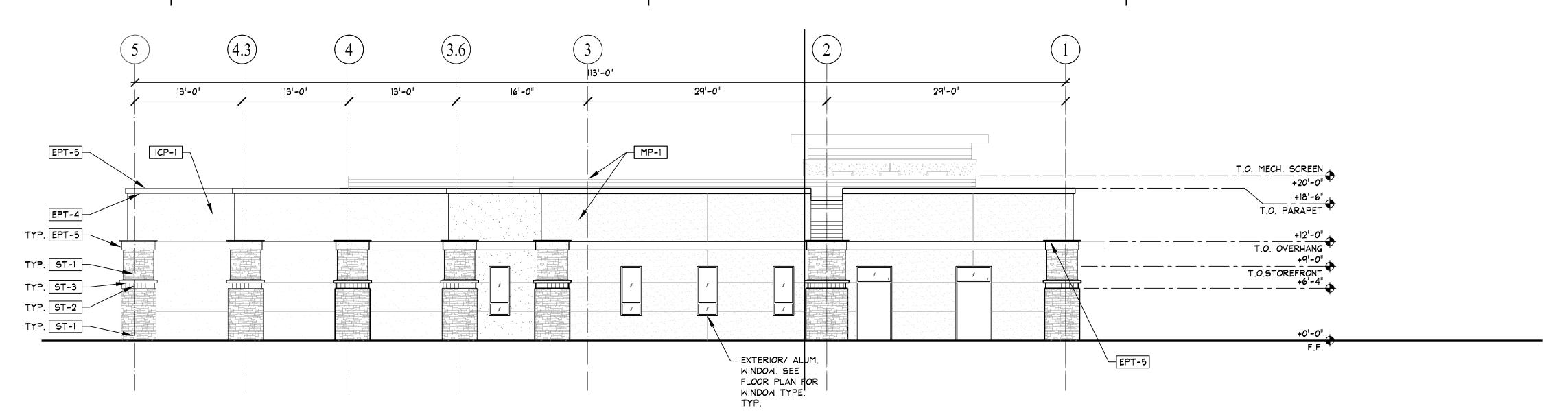
OVERALL ROOF PLAN

Sheet Number

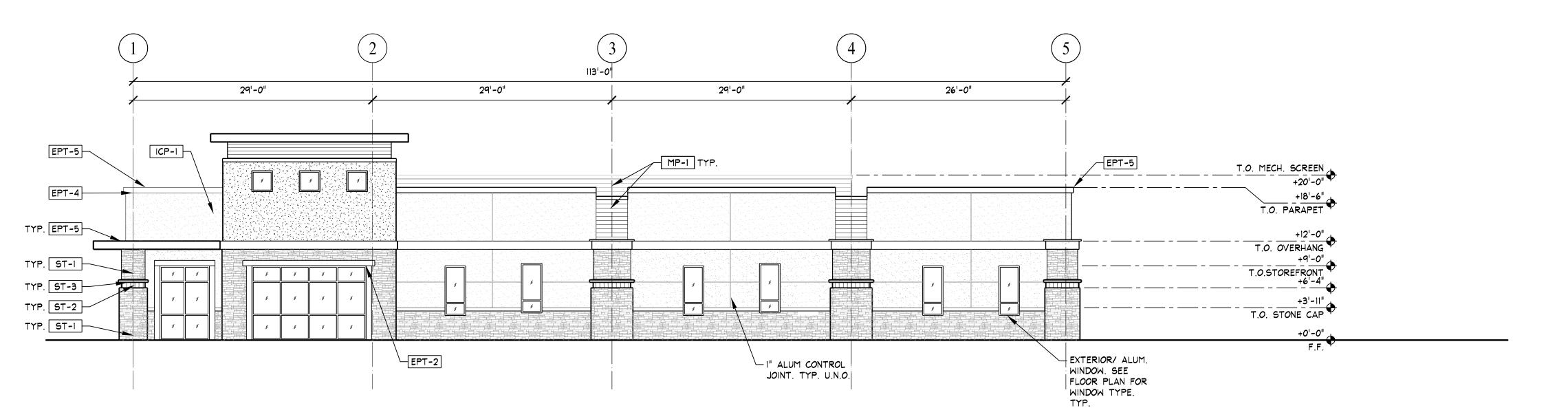
A2.2

OVERALL ROOF PLAN

Scale: 1/8" = 1'-0"

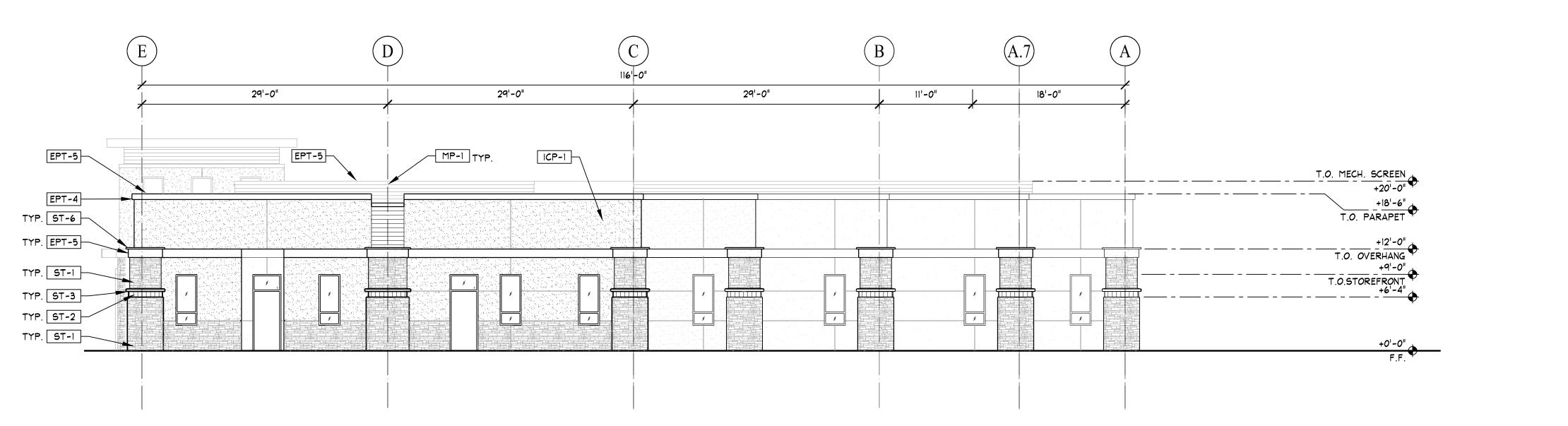


EXTERIOR ELEVATION - NORTH

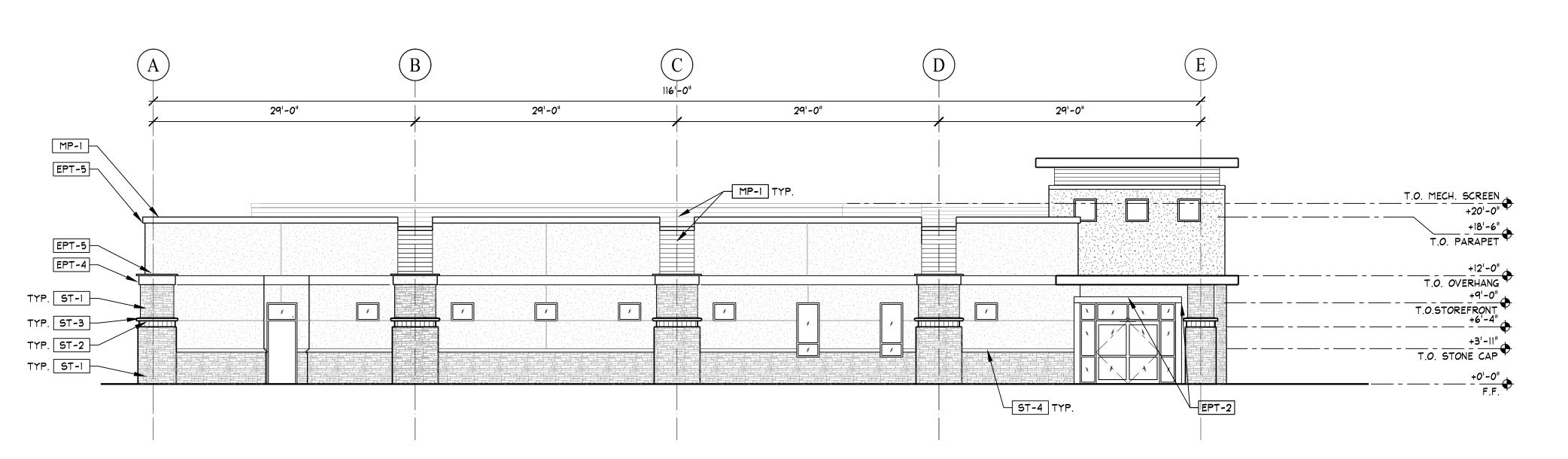


EXTERIOR ELEVATION - SOUTH

Scale: 1/8" = 1'-0"



EXTERIOR ELEVATION - EAST



EXTERIOR ELEVATION - WEST

FINISH LEGEND

STONE VENEER ST-I MANUF: EL DORADO STONE STYLE: STACKED STONE COLOR: MOUNTAIN BLEND

COLOR: EARTH

COLOR: BRONZE RIDGE

EPT-I MANUF: SHERWIN WILLIAMS
STYLE: EXTERIOR LAYTEX
COLOR: SW7035 AESTHETIC WHITE ST-2 MANUF: H.C. MUDDOX
STYLE: STANDARD 2.5"X8"X.5"

EXTERIOR PAINT

EPT-2 MANUF: SHERWIN WILLIAMS STYLE: EXTERIOR LAYTEX COLOR: SW 7014 EIDER WHITE

ST-3 MANUF: EL DORADO STONE STYLE: CHISELED WAINSCOT 19'X3"X2" EPT-3 MANUF: NOT USED STYLE: -COLOR: EARTH ST-4 MANUF: EL DORADO STONE STYLE: CHISLED WAINSCOT 19"X3"X2"

COLOR: -EPT-4 MANUF: SHERWIN WILLIAMS STYLE: EXTERIOR LAYTEX COLOR: SW6069 FRENCH ROAST

ST-5 MANUF: EL DORADO STONE STYLE: ASHLAR TRIM STONE, 5" COLOR: EARTH

EPT-5 MANUF: SHERWIN WILLIAMS
STYLE: EXTERIOR LAYTEX
COLOR: SW6069 FRENCH ROAST

ST-6 MANUF: EL DORADO STONE
STYLE: CHISELED WALL CAP 37"X9"X2.25" CONCRETE UNIT MASONRY
COLOR: EARTH METAL PANELS

UM-I MANUF: BASALITE STYLE: SHOTBLAST LIGHTWEIGHT STD. COLOR: 113

GENERAL NOTES

MP-1 MANUF: AEP SPAN
STYLE: PERCEPTION COLLECTION COLOR: ZINCALLUME

ROOF PANELS RP-1 MANUF: WESTERN STATES METAL STYLE: COOL TECH-SMP COLOR: KOKO BROWN

Healthcare Real Estate

6528 LONETREE BOULEVARD | ROCKLIN, CA 95765 P. 916.797.1199 | www.kellyarch.com

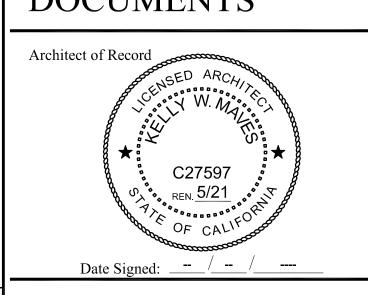
Coalinga Clinic West Polk Street Coalinga, CA 93210

Project Name:

Client:

NEW OSHPD 3 MEDICAL OFFICE BUILDING

DESIGN DEVELOPMENT **DOCUMENTS**



Consultant

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Key Plan

KAP Job No. 400.08 Scale: As Noted Date: 05 / 10 / 2019 Drawn By: RJS / DC/ SB

Checked By: KM Sheet Name

BUILDING ELEVATIONS

Sheet Number





Client:



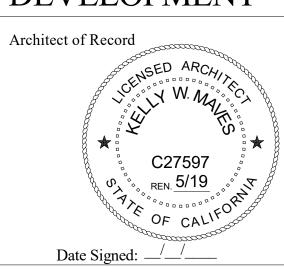
Facility:
Coalinga Clinic

West Polk Street Coalinga, CA 93210

Project Name:

NEW OSHPD 3 MEDICAL OFFICE BUILDING

DESIGN
DEVELOPMENT



Consultant

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Key Plan



KAP Job No.: 400.08

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RENDERINGS

Sheet Number





Client:



Facility:
Coalinga Clinic

West Polk Street Coalinga, CA 93210

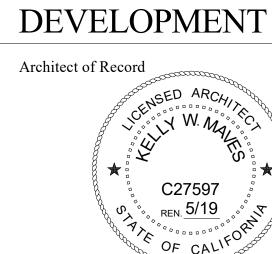
Project Name:

NEW OSHPD 3 MEDICAL OFFICE BUILDING

Submittal:

DESIGN

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KAP Job No.: 400.08

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RENDERINGS

Sheet Number





Client:



Facility:
Coalinga Clinic

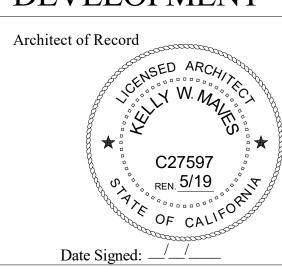
West Polk Street Coalinga, CA 93210

Project Name:

NEW OSHPD 3 MEDICAL OFFICE BUILDING

Submittal:

DESIGN
DEVELOPMENT



Consultant

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Description	Da

Key Plan



KAP Job No.: 400.08

Scale: As Noted

Date: //2019

Drawn By: RJS/SB

Checked By: KM
Sheet Name

RENDERINGS

Sheet Number

ORDINANCE NO. XXX

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF AMENDING SECTION 9-2.302 (LAND USE REGULATIONS) TABLE 2.5 OF TITLE 9, CHAPTER 2, OF THE COALINGA MUNICIPAL CODE RELATED TO LAND USE REGULATIONS FOR COMMERCIAL USES

The City Council of the City of Coalinga does ordain as follows:

Section 1. Section 9-2.302 Table 2.5 of the Coalinga Municipal Code is amended to add the following:

USE	CG	CR	CS	MX	ADDITIONAL
CLASSIFICATION					DEVELOPMNET
					REGULATIONS
Hospitals and Clinics	Yes	NO	CUP	Yes	(CG, MX) Limited to
_					establishments with a gross
				1	floor area of 5,000 square feet
					or less.

Section 3. This ordinance shall take effect thirty days after its adoption.

Section 4. The City Clerk is authorized and directed to cause this ordinance or a summary of this ordinance to be published once in a newspaper of general circulation published and circulated in the City of Coalinga, within 15 days after its adoption. If a summary of this ordinance is to be published, then the City Clerk shall cause a summary of the proposed ordinance to be published and a certified copy of the full text of the proposed ordinance to be posted in the office of the City Clerk at least five days prior to the Council meeting at which the ordinance is adopted, and also shall cause a certified copy of the full text of the adopted ordinance to be posted in the office of the City Clerk after the meeting at which the ordinance is adopted. The summaries shall be approved by the City Attorney.

* * * *

The foregoing ordinance was introd	uced by the City Council of the City of
Coalinga, California, at a regular meeting h	eld on, 2019, and was passed and 2019, by the following vote:
adopted by the City Council on, 2	2019, by the following vote:
AYES:	
NOES:	
ABSENT:	
ABSTAIN:	
	A DDD OVED.
	APPROVED:
	Mayor/Mayor Pro-Tem
ATTEST:	
City Clerk/Deputy City Clerk	
City Clerk/Deputy City Clerk	

RESOLUTION 019P-008

A RESOLUTION OF THE PLANNING COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF COALINGA, CALIFORNIA, RECOMMENDING TO THE CITY COUNCIL APPROVAL OF COMBINDED DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION (CDA 19-01) INCLUSIVE OF A ZONING TEXT AMENDMENT, SITE PLAN REVIEW AND ENVIRONMENTAL DETERMINATION FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF A MEDICAL HEALTH CLINIC AT THE PROPERTY LOCATED NORTH OF POLK STREET BETWEEN ELM AVE AND W. FOREST AVE (APN: 072-123-16S)

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission of the City of Coalinga, California, did on August 13, 2019, hold a duly noticed Public Hearing for review a combined development application consisting of a site plan review, environmental determination and applicant initiated zoning text amendment to allow hospitals and clinics who exceed a gross floor area of 5,000 square feet to be permitted in the (CG) and (MX) zoning designations; and

WHEREAS, said zoning text amendment shall amend the Coalinga zoning code to repeal the restriction on limiting the gross floor area of hospitals and clinics in the (MX) and (CG) zoning designations located in Table 2.5 of the Land Use Regulations; and

WHEREAS, the Community Development Department mailed public hearing notices to all property owners within 300 feet of the site as required by Local and State law, and;

WHEREAS, the proposed Combined Development Application has been processed in accordance with the applicable provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act and determined to be a Class 32 exemption under Section 15332 (Infill Development Projects). Class 32 consists of projects characterized as in-fill development meeting the conditions described:

- (a) The project is consistent with the applicable general plan designation and all applicable general plan policies as well as with applicable zoning designation and regulations.
- (b) The proposed development occurs within city limits on a project site of no more than five acres substantially surrounded by urban uses.
- (c) The project site has no value as habitat for endangered, rare or threatened species.
- (d) Approval of the project would not result in any significant effects relating to traffic, noise, air quality, or water quality.
- (e) The site can be adequately served by all required utilities and public services.

WHEREAS, in approving the proposed site plan, the decision-making body found that: (1) All provisions of this title are complied with; (2) The following are so arranged that traffic congestion is avoided and pedestrian and vehicular safety and welfare are protected, and there will be no adverse effect on surrounding property including but not limited to: (a.) Facilities and improvements; (b.) Vehicular ingress, egress and internal circulation; (c.) Setbacks; (d.) Height of buildings; (e.) Location of services; (f.) Fences and/or walls; (g.) Landscaping. (3) Proposed

lighting is so arranged as to direct the light away from adjoining properties; (4) Proposed signs will not by size, location, color or lighting interfere with traffic or limit visibility; (5) Proposed development has adequate fire and police protection; (6) Proposed development can be adequately served by city sewer and water; (7) Drainage from the property can be properly handled; (8) Proposed development generally consistent with the Zoning Ordinance, the General Plan, and any other applicable plans.

WHEREAS, at said public hearing, upon hearing and considering all testimony and arguments, if any, of all interested persons wanting to be heard, said Planning Commission did make the following mandatory findings recommending approval of said site plan review:

- (1) The proposed construction/alterations are in substantial conformance with the General Plan, zoning ordinance, and any applicable plans adopted by the city.
- (2) The proposed construction/alterations conform to the requirements of the applicable Zoning Districts.
- (3) The proposed construction/alteration conforms to all applicable design standards and guidelines, as adopted by the City Council.
- (4) The construction/alteration will not have significant adverse effects on the public health, safety and welfare.

WHEREAS, at said public hearing, upon hearing and considering all testimony and arguments, if any, of all interested persons wanting to be heard, said Planning Commission did make the following mandatory findings recommending approval of said zoning text amendment:

- (1) The proposed Zoning Ordinance amendment would not be detrimental to the public interest, health, safety, convenience, or welfare of the City.
- (2) The proposed Zoning Ordinance amendment is consistent and compatible with the goals, policies, and actions of the General Plan, and the other applicable provisions of the Zoning Ordinance.
- (3) If applicable, the site is physically suitable (including, but not limited to access, provision of utilities, compatibility with adjoining land uses, and absence of physical constraints) for the requested zoning designations and anticipated land uses/developments.
- (4) The proposed Zoning Ordinance amendment has been processed in accordance with the applicable provisions of the California Government Code and the California Environmental Quality Act.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Planning Commission of the City of Coalinga, California, as follows:

SECTION 1. That the above recitations are true and constitute the Findings of the Planning Commission in this case;

SECTION 2. That the Planning Commission does hereby recommends approval by the City Council of the combined development application with conditions as set in Exhibit "A".

PASSED AND ADOPTED, by the City of Coalinga Planning Commission at a regularly scheduled meeting held on the 13th Day of August 2019.

AYES:	
NOES:	
ABSTAIN:	
ABSENT:	
ATTEST:	Planning Commission Chairman/Vice Chairman
City Clerk/Deputy City Clerk	

Exhibit A

Conditions of Approval – Combined Development Application 19-01

(Adventist Health Clinic Polk Street)

Actions voiding approval. If the construction of a building or structure, or the use(s) established in the building or structure is contrary to the project approval including all application documents, therefore violating any provision of the Zoning Ordinance, or would require additional permits, then the original approval shall be deemed null and void. The approved site plan shall become void in the event that less than fifty (50) percent of the site, or an approved phased development, has not occurred within twelve (12) months after the approval of the site plan.

Indemnification. The applicants/developers shall defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the City or any of its boards, commissions, agents, officers, and employees from any claim, action, or proceeding against the City, its boards, commissions, agents, officers, or employees to attack, set aside, void, or annul the approval of the project when such claim or action is brought within the time period provided for in applicable State and/or local statutes. The City shall promptly notify the applicants/developers of any such claim, action, or proceeding. The City shall coordinate in the defense. Nothing contained in this condition shall prohibit the City from participating in a defense of any claim, action, or proceeding if the City bears its own attorney's fees and costs, and the City defends the action in good faith.

Extensions. Approval of the site plan may be extended for an additional period or periods of one (1) year upon a written application to the Commission before the expiration of the first approval.

Fees. All Community Development Department and Engineering fees shall be paid in full prior to the issuance of a building permit. The Developer is responsible for paying all applicable development impact fees as well all regional fees related to the project.

Alterations. Any minor alternations to the approvals shall be reviewed and approved by the Community Development Director, unless under his/her discretion warrants review and approval by the Commission.

Acknowledgement. Within fifteen (15) days of final approval (expiration of the appeal period) by the Planning Commission, the Applicant shall submit in writing, a statement indicating that he/she has read and agrees to the conditions imposed herein. This approval shall become void, and any privilege, permit, or other authorization granted under these entitlements if compliance with this condition has not been undertaken within the specified time limits.

Additional Conditions

- COA 1. All improvements shall conform to City Standards and Specifications and be approved by the City Engineer.
- COA 2. The applicant shall furnish and install new water service, irrigation controller and backflow prevention device for all irrigated landscape areas of the project frontage.

- COA 3. The applicant shall comply with all 2016 California Building Code (CBC) Chapter 11B ADA accessibility guidelines.
- COA 4. Existing storm drain facilities are available in Polk Street and are available to serve this development. Storm water runoff from the project shall be directed into Polk Street for collection by the existing storm drain facilities. No surface drainage shall be permitted to drain into adjacent properties.
- COA 5. The applicant shall obtain approval from the City Solid Waste Carrier for the on-site location of the trash enclosure for solid waste disposal and pick up. The trash enclosure shall be designed and installed in conformance with City of Coalinga Standards A-4 and A-4 and shall be approved by the City Engineer.
- COA 6. Public Sewer Facilities exist in Forest Avenue and are available to serve this development.
- COA 7. Public Water Facilities exist in Polk Street and are available to serve this development.
- COA 8. Public Natural Gas Facilities exist in Polk Street and are available to serve this development.
- COA 9. Mailboxes shall be located outside of secured areas for access by postal workers. Obtain final approval by Postmaster prior to installation of new mailbox.
- COA 10. The applicant shall submit a revised/corrected final construction site plan including all conditions of approval for review and approval prior to the issuance of a building permit.
- COA 11. The applicant shall reconstruct all cracked, broken or raised segments of sidewalk along the project frontage as required by the City Engineer.
- COA 12. The applicant shall comply with all requirements of the Fire Department for on-site access.
- COA 13. The applicant shall provide site exterior lighting in accordance with CMC Section 9-4.206 Lighting and Illumination.

- COA 14. The applicant shall submit a standard tentative parcel map process to merge the various existing parcels and create the one (1) parcel for development. The parcel map process will allow for the public street dedication of a portion of Polk Street and vacation of a portion of the existing public utility easement (PUE) where the applicant is requesting an encroachment of the proposed building.
- COA 15. The applicant shall provide an on-site Grading and Drainage plan showing the proposed method of directing storm water drainage to Polk Street for approval by the City Engineer.
- COA 16. The applicant shall provide a cross access easement agreement for the use of the adjoining private commercial driveway. Agreement shall allow City access for emergency/police/solid waste pickup purposes.
- COA 17. The applicant shall remove the two existing street trees and plant a total of six (6) city approved street trees within the existing tree wells along Polk Street. Street tree installation shall be in accordance with City Std. L-1 and L-1A. Initial tree size shall be 24" box. Tree selection shall be approved by the City Engineer. Street tree irrigation shall be provided by applicant.
- COA 18. Where walkways are located in the parking lot, they must be at grade (such as to accommodate ADA path of travel) the walkway must be differentiated from the paving of the parking lot by contrasting pavement such as pavers or stamped, colored concrete, or by painted stripes.
- COA 19. Parking lot screening. Parking lots shall be screened from adjacent streets by a ten-foot landscape easement containing landscaping, primarily trees and shrubs, a combination of shrubs and berms, not to exceed a three-to-one (3:1) slope or a low, decorative wall not to exceed thirty (30) inches in height, or twenty-four (24) inches high when combined with landscaping, for the purposes of reducing glare from vehicle headlights. Screening shall not block views between thirty (30) inches in height above sidewalk grade and six (6) feet above the sidewalk for security purposes. Planting areas shall be protected by six (6) inches curbs. All plants shall be of an age to meet the initial requirements for screening. All Trees shall be a minimum 24-inch box.
- COA 20. The security fencing shown on the site plan shall be made of wrought iron.
- COA 21. All signage will be approved by the Community Development Director in accordance with the planning and zoning code.



Staff Report- Chairman and Planning Commission

Subject: Coalinga Planning and Zoning Code 5-Year Review Update: (1) Purpose and Intent

(2) Definitions

Meeting Date August 13, 2019

Project Location:

Applicant:

Owner:

Prepared By: Sean Brewer, Community Development Director

I. RECOMMENDATION:

Planning Commission review, discussion and direction to staff regarding modifications to the purpose and intent and definitions sections of the Coalinga Planning and Zoning Code.

II. BACKGROUND:

The City of Coalinga prepared a comprehensive zoning code update in 2014. It has been five (5) years since the adoption Ordinance No. 776 which updated Title 9 of the Coalinga Municipal Code related to Planning and Zoning. Staff feels that it is appropriate to review the planning and zoning code periodically to ensure that it is accomplishing what the City intended related to development through its zoning regulations.

III. PROPOSAL AND ANALYSIS:

The first chapter of the Title 9 identifies and explains the purpose and intent of the zoning code. It also includes all the definitions for various terms in the code such as use classifications, measurements, and Local, State and Federal terms. Below are the following links to the Chapter 1 Article 1 and Article 2 related to the above sections. The purpose of this item is to generate discussion and direction towards a future ordinance amendment to Title 9 that will then be brought before the City Council for ordinance adoption.

Chapter 1, Article 1 - Purpose and Intent

Chapter 1, Article 2 - Definitions

IV. FISCAL IMPACT:

None determined at this time.

V. REASONS FOR RECOMMENDATION:

ATTACHMENTS:

Description

Chapter 1 of Article 9 (Purpose and Intent and Definitions)

Article 1. - Purpose and Intent

Sec. 9-1.101. - Objectives of the zoning ordinance.

- (a) This Zoning Ordinance has been adopted to protect and promote the public health, safety and general welfare of the community and to implement policies contained in the Coalinga General Plan and any Specific Plans adopted pursuant to the General Plan. More specifically, the Zoning Ordinance is intended to:
 - (1) Provide a precise guide to the physical development of the City in accord with the goals and policies expressed in the General Plan.
 - (2) Promote the economic stability of existing land uses that are consistent with the development policies of the General Plan and protect them from intrusions by inharmonious or harmful land uses.
 - (3) Ensure the provision of adequate open space for light, air and fire safety.
 - (4) Reduce the risk of injury or exposure to hazards for people and property.
 - (5) Permit the development of office, commercial, industrial, and related land uses that are consistent with the General Plan in order to strengthen the City's economic base.
 - (6) Require the provision of adequate off-street parking facilities.
 - (7) Improve the design and aesthetic quality of new construction.
 - (8) Provide for the gradual elimination of land uses and structures that are inconsistent with the policies of the General Plan and which may adversely affect other property or uses.
 - (9) Establish a consistent, thorough and timely public review process to ensure conformity with the provisions of this title.
 - (10) Promote a positive business climate by establishing consistent and logical land use regulations and requirements, permitting existing and prospective business establishments to understand such requirements.
 - (11) Provide protection from excessive, unnecessary and unreasonable noise for all residents from any and all sources within the community.
 - (12) Control the adverse effect of noise on the community.
 - (13) Promote the construction of housing within Coalinga that is affordable to all economic segments of the population, including households of low and very low incomes.
 - (14) Encourage affordable housing construction throughout the community, rather than concentrated within specific areas or neighborhoods.
 - (15) Protect the visual character of the city and the health and safety of its residents.
 - (16) Encourage the use of renewable energy in private and public buildings, for housing, commercial or business uses.
 - (17) Set sustainable planning and building standards to achieve a greater quality of life for citizens,

become less reliant on fossil fuels, and to reduce sources of pollution.

(Ord. No. 776, § 1(Exh. A), eff. 9-5-2014)

Sec. 9-1.102. - Guiding principles.

- (a) The General Plan is guided by the following principles:
 - (1) *Protect city center.* Protect and enhance the Downtown as the City's commercial, civic, cultural and recreational center while acknowledging its historical qualities.
 - (2) *Encourage job growth.* Encourage the expansion of existing businesses and actively seek to attract industries and businesses that create jobs and generate revenue for the City.
 - (3) Support redevelopment. Support new residential and commercial infill development on vacant land within the established City core and encourage re-use or redevelopment of underutilized parcels.
 - (4) *Maintain city control*. Maintain City control of land within, and adjacent to, the City's Sphere of Influence (SOI) through long range planning efforts to expand the SOI and oppose urban scale development outside the City limits.
 - (5) Support educational, medical and airport facilities. Encourage, support and expand high quality educational, medical and airport facilities needed to meet the needs of the City's expanding resident and tourist population.
 - (6) *Provide housing type diversity.* Provide a diversity of housing types and lot sizes within the City to enable citizens from a wide range of economic levels and age groups to live within its boundaries.
 - (7) Accommodate growth. Provide an adequate land supply within the Sphere of Influence to accommodate a build-out population of 19,103 by the year 2020.
 - (8) *Protect future urbanization areas.* Identify Future Urban Areas outside the SOI that are anticipated for urbanization beyond the 2020 time frame of the current General Plan.
 - (9) *Promote smart growth objectives.* Establish sustainable development guidelines that encourage compact neighborhood design which offers a mix of uses within close proximity.
- (b) Sustainability. The Zoning Ordinance is also in line with the 12 Smart Growth Principles of the San Joaquin Valley Blueprint, a regional planning process to promote integrated planning for land use, infrastructure, and the environment. The Blueprint is a joint initiative of the San Joaquin Valley Council of Governments, representing the region's eight (8) Counties including Fresno County, the San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District, and the Great Valley Center.
 - (1) Create a range of housing opportunities and choices;
 - (2) Create walkable neighborhoods;
 - (3) Encourage community and stakeholder collaboration;
 - (4) Foster distinctive, attractive communities with a strong sense of place;
 - (5) Make development decisions predictable, fair, and cost-effective;
 - (6) Mix land uses;

- (7) Preserve open space, farmland, natural beauty, and critical environmental areas;
- (8) Provide a variety of transportation choices;
- (9) Strengthen and direct development towards existing communities;
- (10) Take advantage of compact building design;
- (11) Enhance the economic vitality of the region; and
- (12) Support actions that encourage environmental resource management.

(Ord. No. 776, § 1(Exh. A), eff. 9-5-2014)

Sec. 9-1.103. - Nature of the zoning ordinance.

The Zoning Ordinance consists of a separate Zoning Map designating certain Zoning Districts on real property and a set of regulations known as the Zoning Ordinance. The Zoning Ordinance establishes regulations, requirements and standards including but not limited to: controlling the uses of land, the density of population, the uses and locations of structures, the height and bulk of structures, open spaces surrounding buildings, the areas and dimensions of lot areas and building sites, the location, size, and illumination of signs, and requiring the provision of usable open space, screening and landscaping, off-street parking and loading facilities.

(Ord. No. 776, § 1(Exh. A), eff. 9-5-2014)

Sec. 9-1.104. - Interpretation.

- (a) In the interpretation and application, the provisions of this title shall be held to be minimum requirements. No provision of this title is intended to abrogate, repeal, annul, impair or interfere with any existing ordinance of the City of Coalinga, except as is specifically repealed herein, provided that where this ordinance imposes a greater restriction on the use of land or structures or the height or bulk of structures, or requires greater open space about structures, or greater dimensions, than is imposed or required by an existing ordinance, this title shall control.
- (b) All words in the present tense shall include the future tense. All words in the singular number shall include the plural number, and all words used in the plural number shall include the singular number, unless the natural construction of the wording indicates otherwise.
- (c) The word "shall" is mandatory.
- (d) The word "City" shall mean the City of Coalinga, Fresno County, California. The words "City Council" shall mean the City Council of the City of Coalinga. The words "Planning Commission" shall mean the Planning Commission duly appointed by the City Council. The words "City Clerk" shall mean the City Clerk of the City of Coalinga, the word "Community Development Director" shall mean the Community Development Director of the City of Coalinga. "City staff" shall mean Community Development Department staff unless otherwise specified.
- (e) If a particular land use is not listed as either a permitted or conditional use in the land use table for any of the Zoning Districts listed in this title, it is to be considered a use that is not allowed in that district, unless it is determined to be allowed under the provisions of Chapter 6, Article 3, Determination of Unspecified Uses.

- (f) The Community Development Director shall have the authority to interpret the meaning of the Zoning O the event of uncertainty, pursuant to <u>Section 9-6.102</u>, Interpretation by Community Development Director
- (g) This title is not intended to abrogate, annul, impair, interfere with any deed restriction, covenant, easement, or other agreement between parties, provided that where this title imposes a greater restriction on the use of land or structures or the height or bulk of structures, or requires greater open spaces about structures or greater dimensions of sites than is imposed or required by deed restriction, covenant, easement or other agreement, this title shall control.

(Ord. No. 776, § 1(Exh. A), eff. 9-5-2014)

Sec. 9-1.105. - Zoning districts.

- (a) Zoning Districts enable the implementation of the goals and policies of the General Plan by dedicating land to particular uses and regulating the construction and use of buildings and structures, consistent with the General Plan.
- (b) Overlay Districts are designed to complement Zoning Districts when necessary to address specific uses and orient development to better fulfill the goals of the General Plan, notably to address historic and environmental preservation, economic development, as well as safety and welfare of the population.
- (c) The following Zoning Districts are hereby established:

TABLE 1: ZONING DISTRICTS				
General Plan Land Uses	Zoning Districts	Zoning Code Abbr.	Dwelling Units/Acre	
BASE DISTRICTS				
Agriculture/Rural/ Conservation Districts	Agriculture	AG	Max 1 du/20 ac	
	Open Space/Conservation	OS		
Residential Districts	Residential Ranchette	RR	0 - 0.1 du/ac	
	Residential Estate	RE	>0.1 - 2 du/ac	
	Residential Single Family	RSF	>2 - 5 du/ac	
	Residential Traditional Neighborhood	RT	Max 5 du/ac	
	Residential Medium Density	RMD	Max 15 du/ac	

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	Residential High Density	RHD	Max 25 du/ac	
Commercial and Mixed Use Districts	General Commercial	CG		
	Retail Centers	CR		
	Service Commercial	CS		
	Mixed-Use	MX	Max 15 du/ac	
Industrial Districts	Light Manufacturing/Business	MBL		
	Heavy Manufacturing/Business	МВН		
Public and Open Space Districts	Public Facilities	PF		
	Recreation	REC		
SPECIAL/OVERLAY DISTRICTS				
Special Districts/Overlays	Planned Development Overlay	- PD		
	Downtown District Overlay	- D		
	Flood Hazard Overlay	- FH		
	Gateway Overlay	- GW		
	Master Plan Overlay	- MP		
	Resource Extraction Overlay	- RSE		
	Habitat Conservation Plan Overlay	- HCP		
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(Ord. No. 776, § 1(Exh. A), eff. <u>9-5-2014</u>)

Sec. 9-1.106. - District boundaries.

(a) Wherever any uncertainty exists as to the boundary of a district as shown on the Zoning Map, the following regulations shall control:

- (1) Where a boundary line is indicated as following a street, alley, or watercourse, it shall be construed centerline thereof.
- (2) Where a boundary line follows or coincides approximately with a lot line or a property ownership line, it shall be construed as following the lot line or property ownership line.
- (3) Where a boundary line is not indicated as following a street or alley and does not follow or coincide approximately with a lot line or property ownership line, the boundary line shall be determined by the use of the scale designated on the Zoning Map.
- (4) Where further uncertainty exists, the Planning Commission, upon written application or on its own motion, shall determine the location of the boundary line in question, giving due consideration to the location indicated on the Zoning Map and the objectives of the Zoning Ordinance set forth in the district regulations.

(Ord. No. 776, § 1(Exh. A), eff. 9-5-2014)

Sec. 9-1.107. - Conformity required.

- (a) No site or structure shall be used or designated for use for any purpose or in any manner other than in conformity with the regulations for the district in which the site or structure is located.
- (b) No structure shall be erected and no existing structure or use shall be moved, altered, or enlarged except in conformity with the regulations for the district in which the structure or use is located.
- (c) No yard space provided in compliance with the regulations for the district in which it is located shall be deemed to provide a yard space for any other structure, and no yard or usable open space on one site shall be deemed to provide a yard or usable open space for a structure on any other site.
- (d) No yard, court, or usable open space shall be used, encroached upon, or reduced in any manner except in conformity with the regulations for the district in which the yard, court, or open space is located, unless a variance is obtained pursuant to Chapter 6, Article 7, Variances.
- (e) No lot held in one ownership at the time of the adoption of this title or at any time thereafter shall be reduced in any manner below the minimum area, frontage, width, or depth prescribed for the Zoning District in which the lot is located, unless a Variance is obtained pursuant to Chapter 6, Article 7, Variances.

(Ord. No. 776, § 1(Exh. A), eff. 9-5-2014)

Sec. 9-1.108. - Compliance with CEQA and California Planning and Zoning Laws.

The administration of this title is subject to the requirements of the planning and zoning laws of the State of California and the California Environmental Quality Act, including applicable regulations found in the California Code of Regulations, and procedures established by resolution of the City Council.

(Ord. No. 776, § 1(Exh. A), eff. 9-5-2014)

Article 2. - Definitions

Abandoned. A use that has ceased or a structure that has been vacated for a time period as specified in this title. Abandonment does not include temporary or short-term interruptions to a use or occupancy of a structure during periods of remodeling, maintaining, or otherwise improving or rearranging a facility.

Accessory building. See building, accessory.

Accessory dwelling unit. See second dwelling unit.

Accessory structure. See structure, accessory.

Accessory use. See use, accessory.

Acre, gross. A measure of total land area of a lot or site, including areas to be dedicated for public rights-of-way, streets, schools, or other dedications.

Acre, net. A measure of land area of a lot or site remaining after dedication of all areas for public rights-of-way, streets, schools, or other dedications.

Adjacent. Contiguous, having a common border, boundary, or lot line. Lots or parcels of land that touch at corners only shall not be deemed adjacent. Includes properties directly across an alley.

Adjoining. See "adjacent".

Adult-oriented business. An establishment or concern that, as a regular and substantial course of conduct, offers, sells or distributes adult-oriented merchandise, or that offers to its patrons materials, products, merchandise, services, entertainment or performances that have sexual arousal, sexual gratification, and/or sexual stimulation as their dominant theme, or are characterized by an emphasis on specified sexual activities or specified anatomical areas and are not customarily open to the general public because they exclude minors by virtue of their age. This classification does not include any establishment offering professional services conducted, operated, or supervised by medical practitioners, physical therapists, nurses, chiropractors, psychologists, social workers, marriage and family counselors, osteopaths, and persons holding licenses or certificates under applicable State law or accreditation from recognized programs when performing functions pursuant to the respective license or certificate. Includes sexually oriented businesses. See Section 9-5.102, Adult-Oriented Businesses.

Affordable housing. Residential units for rent or sale which are intended for or restricted to households of very low, low and moderate income as defined by Sections 50079.5, 50093 and 50105 of the Health and Safety Code.

Agriculture. The art, science or practice of cultivating the ground, harvesting the crops, rearing and management of livestock, tillage, husbandry, farming, horticulture, and forestry.

Aggrieved person. Any person who, in person or through a representative, appeared at a City public hearing in conjunction with a decision or action appealed or who, by other appropriate means prior to a hearing, informed the local government of the nature of his or her concerns or who, for good cause, was unable to do either.

Aircraft sales, services and storage. Uses related to the rental, sales, manufacturing, maintenance, repair and storage of aircraft.

Alley. A public or private vehicular way typically providing a secondary means of access to adjoining property, and not meant to provide a through traffic route, the longitudinal boundaries of which are defined by property lines or easements.

Alteration. Any change, addition or modification that changes the exterior architectural appearance or materials of a structure or object. Alteration includes changes in exterior surfaces, changes in materials, additions, remodels, demolitions, and relocation of buildings or structures, but excludes ordinary maintenance and repairs. See also "structural alterations" for modifications to any of the supporting members of a structure.

Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA). United States Public Law 101-336, 104 Stat. 327 (July 26, 1990), codified at 42 U.S.C. Section 12101 et seq.

Ancillary. Accompanying, auxiliary.

Animal keeping. The raising of animals as an accessory use to a primary residential use. See Chapter 5, Article 1.104, Animal Keeping.

Animal raising. The raising, grazing, or feeding of animals for animal products, animal increase, or value increase, and dairying as an accessory use on farms with dairy cattle. It includes the raising of livestock, poultry and fish.

Animal-related terms.

Animal husbandry. The care and breeding of domestic farm animals such as cattle, hogs, sheep and horses.

Household pet. Any domesticated animal customarily permitted and kept in a dwelling and kept only for the company or pleasure provided to the occupants of the dwelling, such as a dog, cat, bird, rodent (including a rabbit), fish, reptile or turtle, to the extent allowed by California law.

Kennels. Facilities for keeping, boarding, training, breeding or maintaining for commercial purposes, four (4) or more dogs, cats, or other household pets not owned by the kennel owner or operator. This classification excludes pet shops and animal hospitals that provide twenty-four (24) hour accommodation of animals receiving medical or grooming services.

Livestock. Any domestic animals such as cattle, horses, donkeys, mules, burros, sheep, hogs, or goats. Includes fish.

Pet stores. Retail sales of animals and/or services, including grooming, for animals on a commercial basis. This classification excludes dog walking and similar pet care services not carried out at a fixed location, and excludes pet supply stores that do not sell animals or provide on-site animal services.

Veterinary services. Medical care for small animals on a commercial basis. This classification allows twenty-four (24) hour accommodation of animals receiving medical or grooming services but does not include kennels.

Apartment. A multiple residence with three (3) or more units, in which residential units are rented for a month or longer. See also residence, multiple.

Area, gross. The horizontal area within the boundaries of a lot or site including any area for future streets, parks, and other dedications.

Artists' studios. Work space for artists and artisans, including individuals practicing one of the fine arts or performing arts, or skilled in an applied art or craft. Incidental retail sales of items produced on the premises is required.

Assembly plant. A plant with an arrangement of machines, tools and workers assembled in a particular sequence along a direct line or route.

Authority. The appropriate person, official, or body designated to hear, grant, deny, modify, condition, revoke permits required by the Coalinga Zoning Ordinance.

Automobile/vehicle sales and services.

Automobile/vehicle rentals. Rental of automobiles, including storage and incidental maintenance.

Automobile/vehicle sales and leasing. Sales or leasing of automobiles, boats, motorcycles, trucks, and motor homes, including storage and incidental maintenance.

Automobile/vehicle repair, major. Repair of automobiles, trucks, motorcycles, motor homes, boats and recreational vehicles, including the sale, installation, and servicing of related equipment and parts, generally on an overnight basis. This classification includes auto repair shops, body and fender shops, transmission shops, wheel and brake shops, auto glass services, and tire sales and installation, but excludes vehicle dismantling or salvaging and tire retreading or recapping.

Automobile/vehicle service and repair, minor. The service and repair of automobiles, light-duty trucks, boats, and motorcycles, including the sale, installation, and servicing of related equipment and parts. This classification includes quick-service oil, tune-up and brake and muffler shops where repairs are made or service provided in enclosed bays and no vehicles are stored overnight. This classification excludes establishments providing engine repair, body and fender work, vehicle painting, or towing. It also excludes repair of heavy trucks or construction vehicles.

Automobile/vehicle washing. Washing, waxing, or cleaning of automobiles or similar light vehicles, including self-serve washing facilities.

Large vehicle and equipment sales, service and rental. Sales, servicing, rental, fueling, and washing of large trucks, trailers, tractors, and other equipment used for construction, agricultural, or landscape gardening activities. Includes large vehicle operation training facilities. Sales of new or used automobiles or trucks are excluded from this classification.

Service station. Establishments primarily engaged in retailing automotive fuels or retailing these fuels in combination with activities, such as providing repair services; selling automotive oils, replacement parts, and accessories; and/or providing food services.

Towing and impound. Establishments primarily engaged in towing light or heavy motor vehicles, both local and long distance. These establishments may provide incidental services, such as vehicle storage and emergency road repair services. (For automobile/dismantling, see salvage yards)

Balcony. A platform that projects from the wall of a building thirty (30) inches or more above grade.

Bakery. A shop where baked goods are made and/or sold.

Banks and financial institutions.

Banks and credit unions. Financial institutions providing retail banking services. This classification includes only those institutions engaged in the on-site circulation of money, including credit unions, but excluding check-cashing businesses.

Check cashing businesses. Establishments that, for compensation, engage in the business of cashing checks, warrants, drafts, money orders, or other commercial paper serving the same purpose. This classification also includes the business of deferred deposits, whereby the check casher refrains from depositing a personal check written by a customer until a specific date pursuant to a written agreement as provided in Civil Code 1789.31. Check Cashing Businesses do not include state or federally chartered banks, savings associations, credit unions, or industrial loan companies. They also do not include retail sellers engaged primarily in the business of selling consumer goods, such as consumables to retail buyers, that cash checks or issue money order incidental to their main purpose or business.

Bar. See eating, drinking and smoking establishments.

Base district. A zoning district that includes use, height, bulk, space, and development standards for the regulation of development in a particular area.

Bed and breakfast. A residence or commercial building with six (6) or fewer rooms, serving meals to registered guests for accommodation of travelers staying fewer than thirty (30) days.

Bedroom. Any room located within a dwelling unit that is used primarily for sleeping purposes by its residents and that contains at least seventy (70) square feet of floor area.

Rooms designated as a "den", "library", "study", "loft" or other extra room that satisfies this definition and is not a kitchen, living room, or bath will be considered a bedroom.

Bicycle parking, long-term. Bicycle parking that is designed to serve employees, students, residents, commuters, and others who generally stay at a site for four (4) hours or longer.

Bicycle parking, short-term. Bicycle parking that is designed to serve shoppers, customers, messengers, guests, and other visitors to a site who generally stay for a period of less than four (4) hours.

Block. All property fronting upon one side of a street, between intersecting and intercepting streets, or between a street and a railroad right-of-way, waterway, dead-end street or unsubdivided land.

Blockface. All property between two (2) intersections that fronts upon a street or is adjacent to a public right-ofway.

Boardinghouse. A residence where lodging or meals are provided to persons renting rooms for a month or longer.

Building. Any structure enclosed by a roof and by walls on three or more sides, and having a fixed location upon the ground.

Building footprint. See footprint.

Building front. That portion of the main building which affords public entry. In the case of a building with more than one public entry, the entrance with the assigned address shall be considered the main public entry.

Building height. See height.

Building materials and services. Retailing, wholesaling, or rental of building supplies or equipment. This classification includes lumber yards, tool and equipment sales or rental establishments, and includes establishments devoted principally to taxable retail sales to individuals for their own use. This definition does not include contractors' yards and hardware stores less than 10,000 square feet in floor area (see retail sales).

Building, accessory. A subordinate building, the use of which is incidental to that of the main building on the same lot.

Building, main. The building in which the principal use on a lot is conducted.

Building Official. The Building Official is the City Manager or his or her designee. The Building Official is under general administrative direction, to manage and coordinate the activities of the building and inspection functions of the City; to assume responsibility for implementing City activities related to setting and ensuring compliance with building standards including plan check, inspection and zoning matters. Work may be conducted by the Building Official or his or her division staff.

Business. A commercial use involving the purchase, sale or other transaction involving the handling or disposition of any article, service, substance or commodity for livelihood or profit; or the management of offices, structures and premises; or the maintenance and use of recreational or amusement enterprises; or the maintenance and use of offices and facilities by professions and trades rendering service.

Business office. A building or part of a building in which one or more persons are employed primarily in the administration, management, or conducting of a business, sometimes incidental to other business activities.

Business services. Establishments that primarily provide goods and services to other businesses on a fee or contract basis, including printing and copying, blueprint services, computer services, data processing, accounting and bookkeeping, advertising and mailing, equipment rental and leasing, office security, custodial services, photo finishing, and model building, but excluding vehicle rentals, bulk items, or print shops.

Café. See eating and drinking establishments.

California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). State law, pursuant to California Public Resources Code Section 21000 et. seq. or any successor stature, that requires public agencies to document and consider the environmental effects of a proposed action before a decision.

Card room. An establishment where legal gambling is conducted.

Caretaker. A person, living on-site, who is the owner, manager or any employee with responsibility for security, care of people, animals, equipment or other conditions on the property.

Caretaker residence. A living unit provided for an on-site caretaker.

Carport. An accessory structure that is roofed but permanently open on at least two (2) sides and maintained for the storage of motor vehicles.

Car wash. An establishment with mechanical facilities for washing motor vehicles including self service operations.

Cemetery. Establishments primarily engaged in operating sites or structures reserved for the interment of human or animal remains, including mausoleums, burial places, and memorial gardens.

Cinema/theaters. Facilities for indoor display of films, motion pictures, or dramatic, musical, or live performances. This classification may include incidental food and beverage services to patrons.

Large-scale. This classification includes large outdoor facilities such as amusement and theme parks, casinos, sports stadiums and arenas, racetracks, amphitheaters, drive-in theaters, driving ranges, golf courses, and facilities with more than 10,000 square feet in building area, including fitness centers, gymnasiums, handball, racquetball, or large tennis club facilities; ice or roller skating rinks; swimming or wave pools; miniature golf courses; bowling alleys; archery or indoor shooting ranges; riding stables; campgrounds; or stables. This classification may include restaurants, snack bars, and other incidental food and beverage services to patrons.

Small-scale. This classification includes small, generally indoor facilities that occupy less than 10,000 square feet of building area, such as billiard parlors, card rooms, health clubs, dance halls, small tennis club facilities, poolrooms, and amusement arcades. This classification may include restaurants, snack bars, and other incidental food and beverage services to patrons.

City. The City of Coalinga, California.

City Council. The City Council of the City of Coalinga.

City Engineer. The City Engineer of the City of Coalinga.

Clubs and lodges. Meeting, recreational, or social facilities of a private or nonprofit organization or association primarily for use by members or guests. This classification includes union halls and social clubs.

Cocktail lounge. A bar or area serving primarily alcoholic beverages, within a restaurant.

Code Enforcement Officer. A Code Enforcement Officer is defined under <u>Section 2-4.113</u> of the City of Coalinga Municipal Code.

Coffee shop. See eating and drinking establishment.

Colleges and trade schools, public or private. Institutions of higher education providing curricula of a general, religious or professional nature, typically granting recognized degrees, including conference centers and academic retreats associated with such institutions. This classification includes business and computer schools, management training, technical and trade schools, but excludes personal instructional services such as music lessons.

Commercial entertainment and recreation. Provision of participant or spectator entertainment to the general public.

Commercial vehicle. Any vehicle currently registered as such with the state Department of Motor Vehicles or equivalent out-of-state or federal agency and is used primarily in the conduct of a business as opposed to private family or individual use. See <u>Section 4-4.801</u> to <u>4-4.807</u> of the City of Coalinga Municipal Code.

Community center. Any noncommercial facility established primarily for the benefit and service of the population of the community in which it is located. Examples include youth centers and senior centers.

Community Development Director. The Community Development Director is the City Manager or his or her designee. The Community Development Director is under general administrative direction, to plan, direct, manage, and oversee the planning functions of the City; to assume responsibility for the enforcement of zoning, subdivision, and land use laws, ordinances, and regulations in accordance with the general plan; to provide consultation on planning issues to the City Council, Planning Commission, and other boards and advisory committees; and to do related work as required. Work may be conducted by the Community Development Director and his or her department staff.

Condominium. An estate in real property consisting of an undivided interest in common in a portion of a parcel of real property, together with a separate interest in space in a residential or commercial building, such as an apartment or an office building. A condominium may include in addition a separate interest in other portions of such real property. Condominium, also refers to townhouses, cooperative housing, and similar residential developments.

Compatible. That which is harmonious with and will not adversely affect surrounding buildings and/or uses.

Condition of use. A development standard determined to be necessary to permit the harmonious classification of a use as listed in a district and therefore a prerequisite to place, or for application to place, such use as classified.

Conditionally permitted. Permitted subject to approval of a Conditional Use Permit or Site Plan Review.

Construction. Construction, erection, enlargement, alteration, conversion or movement of any building, structures, or land together with any scientific surveys associated therewith.

Construction and material yards. Storage of construction materials or equipment on a site other than a construction site.

Conversion. A change of a residential dwelling, including a mobile home lot in a mobile home park, as defined in Section 18214 of the Health and Safety Code, or a residential hotel, as defined in paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 50519 of the Health and Safety Code, to a condominium, cooperative, or similar form of ownership; or a

change of a residential dwelling, including a mobile home lot in a mobile home park, or a residential hotel to a nonresidential use.

County. The County of Fresno, California.

Courtyard. An open, unoccupied space, unobstructed to the sky, other than a yard, on the same lot with a building or group of buildings and which is bounded on three (3) or more sides by such building or buildings.

Crop cultivation. The cultivation of tree, vine, field, forage, and other plant crops intended to provide food or fibers. The classification excludes wholesale or retail nurseries, vineyards and ancillary wineries and distilleries. This classification includes the indoor cultivation of cannabis.

Cultural institutions. Public or non-profit institutions engaged primarily in the display or preservation of objects of interest in the arts or sciences that are open to the public on a regular basis. This classification includes performing arts centers for theater, dance, and events; buildings of an educational, charitable or philanthropic nature; libraries; museums; historical sites; aquariums; art galleries; and zoos and botanical gardens.

Day care centers. Establishments providing non-medical care for persons on a less than 24-hour basis other than family day care home. This classification includes nursery schools, preschools, and day care facilities for children or adults, and any other day care facility licensed by the State of California.

Day care, commercial. A facility that regularly provides care, protection, and supervision for any number of persons as a principal business use of the site.

Day care, institutional. A facility that regularly provides care, protection, and supervision for any number of persons, and is operated in conjunction with and on the same site as a public or private school, church or other institutional use which is permitted and established in the district.

Family day care home. A home that regularly provides care, protection, and supervision for fourteen (14) or fewer children, in the provider's own home, for periods of less than twenty-four (24) hours per day, while the parents or guardians are away, and is either a large family day care home or a small family day care home as follows.

Family day care: small. A facility or home that for compensation regularly provides care, protection and supervision for six (6) or fewer children, not necessarily related to the caregiver in the caregiver's own home for periods of less than twenty-four (24) hours per day, while the parents or guardians are absent. Children under the age of ten (10) years who reside at the home shall be included when counting the number of children taken care of in the house (Health and Safety Code Section 1596.78(c)). See Section 9-5.110, Family Day Care Homes.

Family day care: large. A facility or home that for compensation regularly provides care, protection and supervision for up to twelve (12) children, not necessarily related to the caregiver in the caregiver's own home for periods of less than 24 hours per day, while the parents or guardians are absent. Children under the age of 10 years who reside at the home shall be included when counting the number of children taken care of in the house (Health and Safety Code Section 1596.78(b)). See Section 9-5.110, Family Day Care Homes.

Deck. A platform, either freestanding or attached to a building, that is supported by pillars or posts. See also balcony.

Delicatessen. A shop that sells and/or serves cooked or prepared foods ready for eating.

Demolition. The intentional destruction and removal of any structure or portion thereof, including a residential dwelling, including a mobile home, as defined in Section 18008 of the Health and Safety Code, or a mobile home lot in a mobile home park, as defined in paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 50519 of the Health and Safety Code, which has not been declared to be a public nuisance under Division 13 (commencing with Section 17000) of the Health and Safety Code or any local ordinance enacted pursuant to those provisions.

Density. The number of dwelling units per unit of land area.

Density bonus. An increase in the total number of dwelling units allowed per acre, potentially above and beyond that allowed by the Coalinga General Plan for the given district.

Development. Any manmade change to improved or unimproved real estate, including but not limited to the division of a parcel of land into two (2) or more parcels; the construction, reconstruction, conversion, structural alteration, relocation, or enlargement of any structure; any mining, excavation, landfill or land disturbance; and any use or extension of the use of land.

Development agreement. A contract duly executed and legally binding between the City of Coalinga and a developer(s) that delineates the terms and conditions agreed upon by two (2) or more parties.

Developmentally disabled rehabilitation facility. See residential care facility.

Disabled-inoperative vehicle. Any vehicle unable to run under its own power, unlicensed, or determined to be unsafe to operate. See Sections <u>5-1.01</u> to <u>5-1.15</u> of the City of Coalinga Municipal Code.

District. See zoning district.

Double frontage lot. See lot, through.

Drive-through facilities. Facilities designed to enable persons to receive a service or purchase or consume goods while remaining within a motor vehicle, typically associated with banks, eating, and drinking establishments, pharmacies, and other commercial uses.

Driveway. A vehicular access within private property leading from a public or private street to the principal structure, residence, garage, carport or parking area See Chapter 4, Article 3, Off Street Parking and Loading for requirements.

U-shaped driveways. A driveway type characterized by having a separate entrance and exit and a curved drive path and generally loops to form a "u" shape.

Dwelling unit. A room or suite of rooms including one and only one kitchen, and designed or occupied as separate living quarters for one family. Dwellings include transitional and supportive housing. See also family.

Easement. A portion of land created by grant or agreement for specific purpose; an easement is the right, privilege or interest which one party has in the land of another.

Eating and drinking establishments. Businesses primarily engaged in serving prepared food and beverages for consumption on or off the premises.

Bars/night clubs/lounges. Businesses serving beverages for consumption on the premises as a primary use and including on-sale service of alcohol including beer, wine, and mixed drinks. This classification includes establishments that provide dancing or entertainment.

Coffee shops/cafés. Establishments that serve nonalcoholic beverages, such as coffee, tea, juices or sodas for consumption on or near the premises, or a specialty snack, such as ice cream, frozen yogurt, cookies or popcorn.

Restaurants. Establishments where meals are served to customers. This classification includes full-service restaurants with table service as well as establishments providing limited table service, such as fast-food restaurants, carryout sandwich shops, limited service pizza parlors and delivery shops, and delicatessen restaurants. This classification excludes establishments that provide dancing or entertainment (see bars/night clubs/lounges).

Effective date. The date on which a permit or other approval becomes enforceable or otherwise takes effective, rather than the date it was signed or circulated.

Electric vehicle charging station. A public or private parking space served by a battery charging station equipment with the primary purpose of transferring electric energy by conductive or inductive means to a battery or other energy storage device in an electric vehicle. An electric vehicle charging station is considered an accessory use and accessory structure on any property and shall conform to their respective requirements. A site with electric vehicle charging stations as a primary use shall be subject to the same requirements as a gas station, including signage requirements.

Charging levels. The standardized indications of electrical force or voltage at which an electric vehicle's battery is recharged.

Level-1: slow charging at zero (0) through 120 volts.

Level-2: medium charging at over 120 to 240 volts.

Level-3 or higher: fast or rapid charging with over 240 volts.

Emergency. A sudden unexpected occurrence demanding immediate action to prevent or mitigate loss or damage to life, health, property or essential public services.

Emergency shelters. Housing with minimal supportive services intended for use by homeless persons that is limited to occupancy of six (6) months or less. No individual or household may be denied emergency shelter because of an inability to pay (Health and Safety Code Section 50801(e)). Jurisdictions are required to identify applicable zoning districts and implement standards relating to emergency shelters in compliance with Government Code Section 65583. See <u>Section 9-5.109</u>, Emergency Shelters.

Environmental Impact Report (EIR). An Environmental Impact Report as required under the California Environmental Quality Act, Public Resources Code Section 21000 et. seg.

Facade. The exterior wall of a building exposed to public view or that wall viewed by persons not within the building. The portion of any exterior elevation of a building extending vertically from the grade to the top of a parapet wall or eave, and horizontally across the entire width of the building elevation.

Family. One or more persons occupying a premises and living as a single housekeeping unit or household (as distinguished from a group of transients occupying such premises), including residents of a boarding house or group home for persons with disabilities. Members of a "family" need not be related by blood, and shall include all necessary employees of such family. See household.

Farmers' market. A building, structure or site used to sell fruit and vegetables to the general public, typically on a weekly or occasional basis.

Fence. An artificially-constructed barrier of any material or combination of materials erected to enclose or screen an area of land. An open fence is one that is composed of at least fifty (50) percent open spaces and no more than fifty (50) percent solid materials. This includes wrought iron style or tubular steel fences. Solid fences are those that obstruct the view of objects on either side and may be made of masonry, wood, or other materials.

Feasible. Capable of being accomplished in a successful manner within a reasonable period of time, taking into account economic, environmental, social and technological factors.

Feed yard. A tract of land, structure, pen or corral, wherein cattle, horses, sheep, goats and swine are maintained for the purpose of fattening for final shipment to market.

Financial institution. A bank, trust company, finance company, mortgage company, investment company or similar institution.

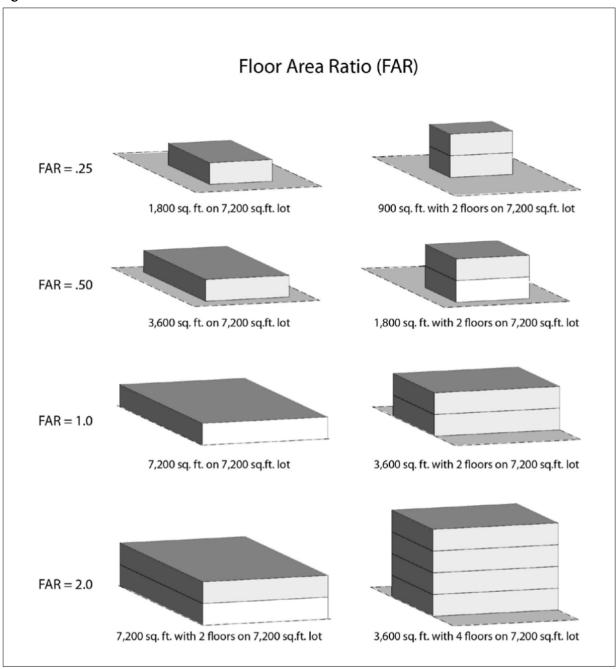
Firearms. Includes rifles, shotguns, revolvers, pistols, or any other device designed to be used as a weapon from which a projectile is expelled by the force of any explosion or other form of combustion. The frame, body and/or receiver also constitute firearms. (Certain provisions in the Penal Code also consider firearms to include rockets, rocket propelled projectile launcher, or similar devices containing explosive or incendiary material. See California Penal Code Sections 12001, 12025, and 12031.)

Flea market. A building or open space area where individual sellers offer goods, new and used for sale to the public.

Floor area. The total floor area in a building (including basements, mezzanines, interior balconies, and upper stories or levels in a multistory building) unless otherwise stipulated; e.g., "ground" floor area.

Floor area ratio (FAR). The ratio of the total floor area of all buildings on a lot to the lot area.

Figure 1.1



Food and beverage retail sales. Retail sales of food and beverages for off-site preparation and consumption. Typical uses include food markets, convenient markets, groceries, liquor stores, and retail bakeries.

Food processing plant. A facility that combines, processes, packages, and ships food from an enclosed or primarily enclosed warehouse.

Foot-candle. See lighting terms.

Footprint. The horizontal area, as seen in plan view, of a building or structure, measured from the outside of exterior walls and supporting columns, and excluding eaves.

Foster group home. A household in which orphaned or delinquent children are placed typically by a social-service agency. See group home.

Freight/truck terminals and warehouses. Facilities for local or worldwide freight, courier, local messenger, and postal services by truck or rail.

Frontage, street (frontage, lot). That portion of a lot or parcel of land that borders a public street. "Street frontage" shall be measured along the common lot line separating said lot or parcel of land from the public street, highway, or parkway.

Funeral parlors and mortuaries. An establishment primarily engaged in the provision of services involving the care, preparation, or disposition of the human dead and conducting memorial services. Typical uses include a crematory, columbarium, mausoleum, or mortuary.

Garage. A building or portion of a building that is enclosed and roofed and designed for the storage of motor vehicles.

Garage sale. Sale of secondhand items on private premises occupied for residential purposes. Includes yard sale, rummage sale, patio sale, estate sale, or any other sale offering personal property and similarly conducted on property occupied for residential purposes.

Gas station. A retail establishment at which vehicles are fueled.

General Plan. The general plan of the City of Coalinga, including all of its elements.

Glare. The effect produced by a light source within the visual field that is sufficiently brighter than the level to which the eyes are adapted, such as to cause annoyance, discomfort or loss of visual performance and ability.

Golf courses and country clubs. Golf courses, and accessory facilities and uses including: clubhouses with bar and restaurant, locker and shower facilities; driving ranges; shops for on-site sales of golfing equipment; and golf cart storage and sales facilities. Please refer to <u>Section 9-5.111</u>, Golf Courses and Country Clubs.

Government offices. Administrative, clerical, or public contact offices of a government agency, including postal facilities, together with incidental storage and maintenance of vehicles. This classification excludes corporation yards, equipment service centers, and similar facilities that primarily provide maintenance and repair services and storage facilities for vehicles and equipment (See utilities, major).

Grocery store. A business primarily for the selling of food products.

Gross leasable area. The total floor area for which a tenant pays rent and that is designed for the tenant's occupancy and exclusive use, including any basements and mezzanines.

Ground floor. The first floor of a building other than a cellar or basement.

Group home. Shared living quarters without separate kitchen or bathroom facilities for each room or unit, offered for rent for permanent or semi-transient residents on a weekly or longer basis. This classification includes rooming and boarding houses, correctional facilities, dormitories, foster group homes, and private residential clubs but excludes hotels and motels, and residential care facilities. All facilities that require State licensing are required to obtain the respective State licenses prior to the start of operations. Individual zoning districts have additional regulations. See Chapter 2.

Group quarters. See group home.

Group residential. See group home.

Guest house. Detached living quarters of a permanent type of construction and without kitchen or cooking facilities, for the use of which no compensation in any form is received or paid.

Guest room. A room for the overnight accommodation of travelers for which compensation is received.

Handicraft/custom manufacturing. Manufacture of crafts, art, sculpture, stained glass, jewelry, apparel, and similar items using hand tools and small mechanical devices.

Hazardous materials. Any material, including any substance, waste, or combination thereof, which because of its quantity, concentration, or physical, chemical, or infectious characteristics may cause, or significantly contribute to, a substantial present or potential hazard to human health, safety, property, or the environment when improperly treated, stored, transported, disposed of, or otherwise managed.

Hazardous waste management facility. A facility that stores, treats, or disposes of refuse designated as hazardous waste(s) by the Hazardous Waste Control Law (Health and Safety Code, Division 20, Chapter 6.5). Hazardous waste management facilities must be permitted or granted authorization to operate from the California Department of Toxic Substances Control.

Health club. A facility that includes, but is not limited to: game courts, exercise equipment, locker rooms, a pool and a sauna.

Heat. Thermal energy of a radioactive, conductive, or convective nature.

Hedge. A row of closely planted shrubs or low growing trees forming a fence or boundary.

Height. The vertical distance from the highest point of any structure to the ground level directly below. See also <u>Section 9-4.205</u>, Heights and Height Exceptions.

Highway. A major through street for vehicular travel. "Highway" includes street, connecting regional destinations.

Home business. See home occupations.

Home occupations. Any occupation conducted by a resident, entirely within a dwelling, where the use is clearly incidental and secondary to the residential use of the structure, and does not change the residential character of the neighborhood. See <u>Section 9-5.113</u>, Home Occupations.

Hospitals and clinics. State-licensed facilities providing medical, surgical, psychiatric, or emergency medical services to sick or injured persons. This classification includes facilities for inpatient or outpatient treatment, including substance-abuse programs as well as training, research, and administrative services for patients and employees. This classification excludes veterinaries and animal hospitals (see animal care, sales, and services) and medical marijuana dispensaries.

Hotels and motels, establishments offering lodging to transient patrons. These establishments may provide additional services, such as conference and meeting rooms, restaurants, bars, or recreation facilities available to guests or to the general public. This classification includes motor lodges, motels, hostels, extended-stay hotels, and tourist courts, but does not include rooming houses, boarding houses, or private residential clubs.

Household. A group of persons, which can include the members of a family, living together in a single dwelling unit, with common access to, and common use of, all living and eating areas and all areas and facilities for the preparation and storage of food within the dwelling unit.

Housekeeping unit. See household.

Illegal use. Any use of land or building that does not have the currently required permits and was originally constructed and/or established without permits required for the use at the time it was brought into existence.

Industry, general. Manufacturing of products from extracted or raw materials or recycled or secondary materials, or bulk storage and handling of such products and materials. This classification includes operations such as biomass energy conversion; food and beverage processing; textile mills; production apparel manufacturing; photographic processing plants; leather and allied product manufacturing; wood product manufacturing; paper manufacturing; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products manufacturing; nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing; primary metal manufacturing; fabricated metal product manufacturing; recycling materials processing facilities in which post-consumer materials are sorted, condensed, baled, or transformed; and automotive, ship, aircraft, and heavy equipment manufacturing.

Industry, limited. Establishments engaged in light industrial activities taking place primarily within enclosed buildings and producing minimal impacts on nearby properties. This classification includes operations such as manufacturing finished parts or products primarily from previously prepared materials; commercial laundries and dry cleaning plants; mobile home manufacturing; monument works; printing, engraving and publishing; computer and electronic product manufacturing; furniture and related product manufacturing; and industrial services. This classification includes the cultivation, processing, extraction, manufacturing, testing, distribution, and transportation of cannabis and cannabis products.

In-lieu fees. A cash payment required as a substitute for a dedication and/or improvement of land by an owner or developer of property.

Instructional services. Establishments that offer specialized programs in personal growth and development such as music, vocal, fitness and dancing instruction.

Intensity of use. The impacts a particular use or the use in combination with other uses has on its surroundings or on its demand for services and natural resources. Measures of intensity include but are not limited to requirements for water, gas, electricity, or public services; number of automobile trips generated by a use; parking demand; number of employees on a site; hours of operation; the amount of noise, light or glare generated; the number of persons attracted to the site, or, in eating establishments, the number of seats.

Intermediate care facility. See residential care facility.

Intersection, street. The area common to two (2) or more intersecting streets.

Junkyard. A lot used for the sale or storage of junk, including scrap metals, salvage or other materials, or for the dismantling or wrecking of automobiles or other vehicles or machinery, whether for sale or storage.

Kitchen. Any room or space within a building intended to be used for the cooking or preparation of food.

Landscaping. The planting, configuration and maintenance of trees, ground cover, shrubbery and other plant material, decorative natural and structural features (walls, fences, hedges, trellises, fountains, sculptures), earth patterning and bedding materials, and other similar site improvements that serve an aesthetic or functional purpose.

Landscaping terms.

Automatic controller. A mechanical or solid state timer, capable of operating valve stations to set the days and length of time of a water application.

Backflow prevention device. A safety device used to prevent pollution or contamination of the water supply due to the reverse flow of water from the irrigation system.

Anti-drain or check valve. A valve located under a sprinkler head or other location in the irrigation system to hold water in the system and prevent drainage from sprinkler heads when the system is off.

Controller. An automatic timing device used to remotely control valves to set an irrigation schedule.

Emitter. A drip irrigation fitting emission device that delivers water slowly from the system to the soil.

Hydrozone. A portion of the landscaped area having plants with similar water needs.

Irrigation efficiency. The measurement of the amount of water beneficially used divided by the amount of water applied. Irrigation efficiency is derived from measurements and estimates of irrigation system characteristics and management practices.

Operating pressure. The pressure at which an irrigation system is designed by the manufacturer to operate.

Overspray. The water which is delivered beyond the landscaped area and causes overland flow during irrigation events onto non-targeted areas such as, pavements, walks and structures.

Runoff. Water which is not absorbed by the soil or landscape to which it is applied and flows from the landscape area.

Library. A building containing books and other media for public use.

Light fleet-based services. Passenger transportation services, local delivery services, medical transport, and other businesses that rely on fleets of three (3) or more vehicles with rated capacities less than 10,000 lbs. This classification includes parking, dispatching, and offices for taxicab and limousine operations, ambulance services, non-emergency medical transport, local messenger and document delivery services, home cleaning services, and similar businesses. This classification does not include towing operations (See automobile/vehicle sales and service, towing and impound) or taxi or delivery services with two (2) or fewer fleet vehicles on-site (See business services).

Liquor. Alcoholic beverages including but not limited to: all types of beer, wine, and distilled spirits or fruit juices containing at least one-half (½) of one percent or more of alcohol by volume.

Lighting Terms.

Foot-candle. A quantitative unit of measure for luminance. one foot-candle is equal to the amount of light generated by one candle shining on one square foot surface located one foot away. Equal to one lumen uniformly distributed over an area of one square foot.

Light fixture. The assembly that holds a lamp and may include an assembly housing, a mounting bracket or pole socket, a lamp holder, a ballast, a reflector or mirrors, and a refractor or lens.

Light fixture cutoff. Light fixtures are classified as full cutoff, cutoff, semi-cutoff, or non-cutoff according to the most recent adopted criteria of the Illuminating Engineering Society of North America (IESNA). The four (4) IESNA classifications are defined as follows (IESNA 2000):

Full cutoff. The luminous intensity (in candelas) at or above an angle of ninety (90) degrees above nadir is zero (0), and the luminous intensity (in candelas) at or above a vertical angle of eighty (80) degrees above nadir does not numerically exceed ten (10) percent of the luminous flux (in lumens) of the lamp or lamps in the luminaire.

Cutoff. The luminous intensity (in candelas) at or above an angle of ninety (90) degrees above nadir does not numerically exceed two and one-half (2.5) percent of the luminous flux (in lumens) of the lamp or lamps in the luminary, and the luminous intensity (in candelas) at or above a vertical angle of eighty (80) degrees above nadir does not numerically exceed ten (10) percent of the luminous flux (in lumens) of the lamp or lamps in the luminary.

Semi-cutoff. The luminous intensity (in candelas) at or above an angle of ninety (90) degrees above nadir does not numerically exceed five (5) percent of the luminous flux (in lumens) of the lamp or lamps in the luminary, and the luminous intensity (in candelas) at or above a vertical angle of eighty (80) degrees above nadir does not numerically exceed twenty (20) percent of the luminous flux (in lumens) of the lamp or lamps in the luminary.

Non-cutoff. There is no candela limitation in the zone above maximum candela.

Shielded fixture. Outdoor light fixtures shielded or constructed so that light rays emitted by the lamp are projected below the horizontal plane passing through the lowest point on the fixture from which light is emitted.

Live/work unit. A building specifically designed to accommodate both a residence and the business activity of the resident in a single ownership or rental unit.

Lodge. A facility used by an association of persons, whether incorporated or not, united by some common interest, meeting periodically for cooperation or conviviality. See also club.

Long-term parking. A situation in which a vehicle is not normally moved during the period of an employee's work shift, as opposed to customer or visitor parking.

Lot. A parcel, tract, or area of land whose boundaries have been established by a legal instrument such as a recorded deed or a recorded map. A lot constitutes a legal entity for purposes of transfer of title, except public easements or rights-of-way.

Lot area. The total area circumscribed by the boundaries of a lot, excluding any street rights-of-way.

Lot coverage. The portion of a lot that is covered by structures, including principal and accessory buildings, garages, carports, and roofed porches, but not including unenclosed and unroofed decks, landings, patios, or balconies. See also <u>Section 9-4.102</u>, Determining Lot Area and Coverage.

Lot depth. The average distance between the front and rear lot lines, measured at a right angle to the front lot line. See also <u>Section 9-4.104</u>, Measuring Lot Width and Depth.

Lot frontage. See frontage, street.

Lot line. A property line separating adjoining properties or a property from an adjoining right-of-way.

Lot line types.

Front lot line. The lot line that is immediately next to a street or public right-of-way. For corner lots, the shortest side fronting a public street is considered the front lot line regardless of which street is used for vehicle or pedestrian access, or street address.

Interior lot line. Any lot line that is not adjacent to a street.

Rear lot line. The lot line that is opposite and most distant from the front lot line. Where no lot line is within forty-five (45) degrees of being parallel to the front lot line, a line ten (10) feet in length within the lot, parallel to and at the maximum possible distance from the front lot line, will be deemed the rear lot line for the purpose of establishing the minimum rear yard.

Side lot line. Any lot line that is not a front or rear lot line.

Street side lot line. A side lot line of a corner lot that is adjacent to a street.

Lot types.

Lot, corner. A lot or parcel situated at the intersection of two (2) or more streets that have an angle intersection measured within said lot or parcel of not more than 135 degrees.

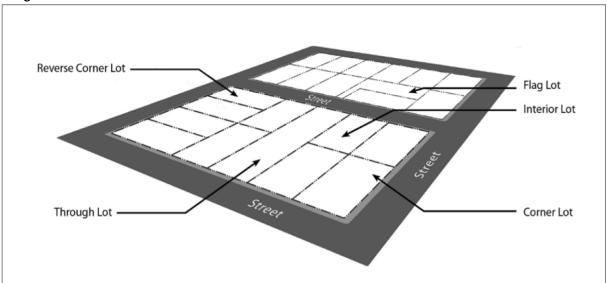
Lot, reverse corner. A corner lot, the rear of which abuts the side of another lot, and its side lot line being substantially a continuation of the front lot line of the lot directly to its rear.

Lot, flag. A lot which has as its primary legal access from the highway through a narrow strip of land not suited for the typical subdivision development standards.

Lot, interior. A lot or parcel of land other than a corner or flag lot.

Lot, through. An interior lot having frontage on two (2) parallel or approximately parallel streets.

Figure 1.2



Lot width. The distance between the side lot lines, measured at a right angle to the lot depth at the midpoint of the lot depth line. See also <u>Section 9-4.104</u>, Measuring Lot Width and Depth.

Lounge. See eating, drinking and smoking establishments.

Maintenance and repair of structures. The repair or replacement of nonbearing walls, fixtures, wiring, roof or plumbing that restores the character, scope, size or design of a structure to its previously existing, authorized, and undamaged condition.

Maintenance and repair services. The on-site maintenance or repair of office machines, household appliances, furniture, and similar items. This classification excludes maintenance and repair of vehicles or boats (see automotive sales and services) and personal apparel (See personal services).

Manufactured home. A structure constructed on or after June 15, 1976 in compliance with state standards in effect at the time of construction, is transportable in one or more sections, is built on a permanent chassis and designed to be used as a single-family dwelling with or without a foundation system when connected to the required utilities, and includes the plumbing, heating, air conditioning, and electrical systems. "Manufactured home" includes any structure that meets all the requirements of this paragraph and with respect to which the manufacturer voluntarily files a certification and complies with the standards established under the National Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Act of 1974. (42 U.S.C. 5401, et seq.)

Modular home. See manufactured home.

Manufacturing plant. A facility used for making, preparing, treating or finishing goods or substances.

Medical clinic. A building where two (2) or more members of the medical profession including but not limited to: dentists, chiropractors, osteopaths, and physicians who provide diagnosis and treatment to the general public without overnight accommodations.

Medical office. A building used by medical professionals including but not limited to: dentists, chiropractors, osteopaths, and physicians.

Medical marijuana dispensary. See <u>Title 5</u>, Chapter 15 of the Coalinga Municipal Code.

Mini market. A store selling a small variety of grocery and sundry items, including drinks and prepared food, primarily for convenience shopping.

Mini storage facility. A facility for the storage of personal or business property of customers.

Mobile home. A structure constructed prior to June 15, 1976 in compliance with state standards in effect at the time of construction, is transportable in one or more sections, is built on a permanent chassis and designed to be used as a single-family dwelling with or without a foundation system when connected to the required utilities, and includes the plumbing, heating, air conditioning, and electrical systems. "Mobile home" does not include a commercial modular, as defined in Section 18001.8, factory-built housing, as defined in Section 19971, a manufactured home, as defined in Section 18007, a multifamily manufactured home, as defined in Section 18008.7, or a recreational vehicle, as defined in Section 18010 of the Health and Safety Code.

Mobile home parks. Mobile housing in a planned development with common area amenities. Spaces for mobile homes may be rented, leased or owned through a subdivision, cooperative, condominium or other form of resident ownership.

Mobile vendor. Any person that sells, or causes or allows another, whether as an employee or as an independent contractor leasing or renting equipment, to sell any food, drinks or merchandise on any street, sidewalk, alley, or other public right-of-way, by means of a stand, wagon, pushcart, handcart, bicycle, motorized cart or other vehicle, or from a basket or other container carried on a person. Mobile vendors must obtain a business license from the City of Coalinga prior to the start of business operations. Mobile Vendor shall not mean any person operating under a concession agreement or other agreement with the city as a party to the agreement. A mobile vendor is different from a peddler, who visits private residences to sell goods, as defined and regulated in <u>Title 5</u>, Chapter 9 of the Coalinga Municipal Code.

Mobile vendor vehicle. A truck, push-cart, bicycle, hand-cart, van, wagon, automobile, car, stand, table, or any other apparatus or device used by mobile vendors to sell their food, drinks or merchandise. Mobile vendor vehicle shall not include delivery vehicles used to transport food or drink from a store having a valid food permit to a customer's home or a vehicle transporting food or drink from a wholesale establishment to a retail outlet.)

Motel or hotel. A building containing guest rooms for the accommodation of travelers staying less than thirty (30) days.

Multiple-family residential. Two (2) or more dwelling units on a lot. Types of multiple family dwellings include duplexes, garden apartments, senior housing developments, and multi-story apartment buildings.

Night club. See eating, drinking and smoking establishments.

Noise terms.

Ambient noise level. The composite of noise from all sources excluding an alleged offensive noise. In this context, the ambient noise level represents the normal or existing level of environmental noise at a given location for a specified time of day or night.

Decibel. A unit for measuring the amplitude of a sound, equal to twenty (20) times the logarithm to the base ten (10) of the ratio of the pressure of the sound measured to the reference pressure, which is twenty (20) micropascals.

Mobile noise source. Any noise source other than a fixed noise source.

Noise. Any sound that annoys or disturbs humans or which causes or tends to cause an adverse psychological or physiological effect on humans.

Noise level reduction (NLR). The difference in decibels of noise level from the outside of a building to the interior of a building, generally resulting from various construction methods and the materials used in walls, windows, ceilings, doors, and vents of a building.

Nonconforming lot, sign, structure, or use. A lot, sign, structure, or use that was lawfully established before the effective date of the Zoning Ordinance or any amendment thereto, but does not conform to the present regulations or requirements of the Zoning Ordinance. A nonconforming building or use is deemed illegal if it did not lawfully exist on the effective date of applicable sections of the Zoning Ordinance.

Nuisance. Anything which is injurious to health, or is indecent or offensive to the senses, or an obstruction to the free use and enjoyment of property, or a violation of this Zoning Ordinance.

Nurseries and garden centers. Establishments primarily engaged in retailing nursery and garden products—such as trees, shrubs, plants, seeds, bulbs, and sod— that are predominantly grown elsewhere. These establishments may sell a limited amount of a product they grow themselves. Fertilizer and soil products are stored and sold in packaged form only. This classification includes wholesale and retail nurseries offering plants for sale.

Nursing Home. See residential care facility.

Occupancy, change in. A discontinuance of an existing use and the substitution of a use of a different kind or class.

Office. A business establishment for rendering of service or administration, but excluding retail sales.

General offices. Offices of firms or organizations providing professional, executive, management, administrative or design services, such as accounting, architectural, computer software design, engineering, graphic design, interior design, investment, and legal offices, excluding banks, and savings and loan associations (see banks and financial institutions). This classification also includes offices where medical and dental services are provided by physicians, dentists, chiropractors, optometrists, and similar medical professionals, including medical/dental laboratories within medical office buildings but excluding clinics or independent research laboratory facilities and hospitals (see hospitals and clinics) and medical marijuana dispensaries.

Walk-in office. Offices of firms or organizations providing services to the public that rely on pedestrian activity and constant visits by clients, including real estate offices, landlord-tenant services, credit counseling, and financial tax services.

On-site loading facilities. A site or portion of a site devoted to the loading or unloading of motor vehicles or trailers, including loading berths, aisles, access drives, and landscaped areas.

On-Site. Located on the lot that is the subject of discussion.

Open space types.

Private open space. Open areas for outdoor living and recreation that are adjacent and directly accessible to a single dwelling unit, reserved for the exclusive use of residents of the dwelling unit and their guests.

Common open space. Areas for outdoor living and recreation that are intended for the use of residents and guests of more than one dwelling unit.

Usable open space. Outdoor areas that provide for outdoor living and/or recreation for the use of residents.

Opposite. Across from or across the street from.

Outdoor storage. The keeping, in an unroofed area, of any goods, junk, material, merchandise, or vehicles in the same place for more than twenty-four (24) hours, except for the keeping of building materials reasonable required for construction work on the premises pursuant to a valid and current building permit issued by the City.

Outdoor seating area. An area on public space, street, plaza, or on private commercial property not within a building, for dining, drinking, resting or socializing.

Owner. Any person owning property, as shown on the last County equalized assessment roll for property taxes or the lessee, tenant or other person having control or possession of the property.

Park. A publically owned open space providing a wide range of facilities and activities. Larger parks serve the entire city, whereas smaller parks tend to serve nearby neighborhoods.

Park and recreation facilities, public. Parks, playgrounds, fairgrounds, recreation facilities, trails, wildlife preserves, and related open spaces, all of which are noncommercial. This classification also includes playing fields, courts, gymnasiums, swimming pools, picnic facilities, tennis courts, botanical gardens, as well as related food concessions or community centers within the facilities.

Parking facility. An area used for the temporary parking or storage of motor vehicles which has adequate access to streets by means of driveways, aisles or maneuvering areas; a parking garage. See Chapter 4, Article 3, Off Street Parking and Loading.

Parking, public or private. Surface lots and structures for use of occupants, employees, or patrons on the subject site or offering parking to the public for a fee when such use is not incidental to another activity.

Parking space. A usable space on a lot for the parking of one motor vehicle.

Pay telephone. A public telephone which requires a pre-payment to use. Often located in public and sheltered by a privacy hood.

Pawn shop. A shop that lends money in exchange for personal property.

Permit. Any Zoning Certificate, Conditional Use Permit, Temporary Use Permit, Building Permit, license, certificate, approval, or other entitlement for development and/or use of property as required by any public agency.

Permitted use. Any use allowed in a Zoning District without a requirement for approval of a Conditional Use Permit, but subject to any restrictions applicable to that Zoning District.

Person. Any individual, firm, association, organization, partnership, business trust, company, or corporation.

Personal services. Provision of recurrently needed services of a personal nature. This classification includes barber and beauty shops, massage parlors, tattoo parlors, seamstresses, tailors, dry cleaning agents (excluding large-scale bulk cleaning plants), laundromats, shoe repair shops, self-service laundries, photocopying and photo finishing services, and travel agencies.

Personal storage facility. A facility offering the rental service of rooms, lockers, and/or containers to individuals or organizations for the storage of goods.

Persons with disabilities. Persons who have a medical, physical, or mental condition, disorder or disability as defined in California Government Code Section 12926, that limits one or more major life activities.

Place of worship. See "religious facilities".

Plan line. An officially adopted line denoting the future location of the edge of a right-of-way.

Planned development. An application for development that allows for a diversification of development standards, buildings, structures and open space that promotes unified planning and development with a higher standard of amenities, and subject to the provisions of Chapter 3, Article 5, Planned Development District.

Pre-existing. In existence prior to the effective date of this Zoning Ordinance or its applicable section.

Preservation of natural resources. Preservation of plant and animal life; ecological and scientific study; flood control channels, spreading grounds and settling basins; rivers, streams, lakes and watershed.

Prison. A facility that is designed and built for the incarceration of persons convicted of criminal offenses.

Professional office. A building used primarily for conducting the affairs of non-medical professionals.

Project. Any proposal for a new or changed use or for new construction, alteration, or enlargement of any structure, that is subject to the provisions of this title. This term also refers to any action that qualifies as a "project" as defined by the California Environmental Quality Act.

Public safety facilities. Facilities providing public-safety and emergency services, including police and fire protection and emergency medical services, with incidental storage, and maintenance facilities.

Public Works Director. The public works director is the city manager or his or her designee, responsible for the operation and maintenance of the City of Coalinga's public works and utilities.

Qualified applicant. The property owner, the owner's agent, or any person, corporation, partnership or other legal entity that has a legal or equitable title to land that is the subject of a development proposal or is the holder of an option or contract to purchase such land or otherwise has an enforceable proprietary interest in such land.

Reasonable accommodation. This refers to the Housing Element statute under California Government Code 65583(c)(3) to remove constraints and provide reasonable accommodations for housing designed for, intended for occupancy by, or with supportive services for, persons with disabilities.

Recreational vehicle. Any travel trailer or other vehicular portable structure without permanent foundation, designed to be towed, hauled, driven, and used as a temporary occupancy for travel or recreational use, including, but not limited to travel trailers (including those which telescope or fold down), chassis-mounted campers, tent trailers, slide-in campers, converted buses and converted vans, and self-propelled motorhomes. See Section 7-6.102 of the City of Coalinga Municipal Code.

Recycling facility. A facility for receiving, temporarily storing, transferring and/or processing materials for recycling, reuse, or final disposal. A certified recycling facility or certified processor means a recycling facility certified by the California Beverage Container Recycling and Litter Reduction Act. A recycling facility does not include storage containers or processing activity located on the premises of a residential, commercial or manufacturing use and used solely for the recycling of material generated by that residential property, business or manufacturer. This use type does not include waste transfer facilities that operate as materials recovery, recycling, and solid waste transfer operations and are classified as utilities.

Reverse vending machine. An automated mechanical device that accepts, sorts and processes recyclable materials and issues a cash refund or a redeemable credit slip.

Recycling collection facility. An incidental use that serves as a neighborhood drop off point for the temporary storage of recyclable materials but where the processing and sorting of such items is not conducted on-site.

Recycling processing facility. Facilities that receive, sort, store and/or process recyclable materials.

Unattended collection boxes. Any unattended container, receptacle or similar device that is located on any lot within the city that is used for soliciting and collecting donations of clothing and other salvageable personal property by a non-profit entity with tax exempt status. This term does not include recycle bins for the collection of recyclable material and facilities identified as reverse vending machines, small or large recycling facilities, or any unattended donation box located within a building.

Recreation areas. Parks, playgrounds and related buildings; pedestrian, equestrian and bike and other trails.

Redevelopment agency. See City of Coalinga Successor Agency.

Religious facilities. A facility for religious worship and incidental religious education and offices, including churches, temples, and other facilities used primarily for religious services or activities. This classification excludes residential homes, and private schools for primary or secondary education (which also may be available for temporary use by the general public or civic, cultural, or educational organizations).

Rescission. The City's unilateral unmaking of an approval for a legally sufficient reason, such as applicant's material breach of a condition.

Residence. A building or portion thereof designed and used exclusively for long-term residential occupancy, including single houses, duplexes, triplexes, live-work studios, apartments, and condominiums, but not including hotels, motels, or boardinghouses.

Residence, single family. A building containing not more than one kitchen, designed for household; a detached house.

Residence, duplex. A building containing not more than two (2) kitchens designed and/or used to house two (2) independent households, each with a private entrance.

Residence, triplex. A building containing not more than three (3) kitchens designed and/or used to house three (3) independent households, each with a private entrance.

Residence, multiple. A building or portion thereof, used and designed as a residence for four (4) or more independent households, with each unit containing its own kitchen and accessed separately from the other units, although a common hallway may be used for access within the building.

Residential care facilities. Facilities that require a State license or are State licensed and provide twenty-four (24) hour non-medical care and supervision for six (6) of fewer persons, or seven (7) or more persons, in need of personal services, supervision, protection, or assistance for sustaining the activities of daily living, excluding the licensee or members of the licensee's family or persons employed as facility staff. State law requires that such facilities for six (6) or fewer persons to be permitted by right in districts where single-family dwelling units are permitted. Living accommodations are shared living quarters with or without separate kitchen or bathroom facilities for each room or unit.

This classification includes facilities for intermediate health care, developmentally disabled care, care of chronically ill individuals, care of the elderly, and the care of persons in need of personal services, therapy, supervised drug detoxification treatment or assistance essential for sustaining the activities of daily living or for the protection of the individual with only limited medical care not involving a physician residing on the premises, and with no surgery or other similar activities such as are customarily provided in hospitals. Such uses shall include facilities defined by Health and Safety Code Section 1267.8 and any premises licensed as a "long-term health care facility," as that term is defined in Welfare and Institutions Code Section 1418. These facilities can be operated for profit as well as by public or not-for-profit institutions, including hospices, nursing homes, skilled nursing facilities, and convalescent facilities.

This category excludes transitional housing, foster family homes, community service facilities, and any facilities supervised by or under contract with the State Department of Corrections.

Residential rehabilitation facility. See group home and residential care facility.

Rest home. See residential care facilities.

Retail sales. The retail sale or rental of merchandise not specifically listed under another use classification. This classification includes department stores, clothing stores, furniture stores, pet supply stores, small hardware stores, auction houses, and businesses retailing the following goods: books, newspapers, toys, hobby materials, handcrafted items, jewelry, cameras, photographic supplies and services (including portraiture and retail photo processing), medical supplies and equipment, pharmacies, electronic equipment, records, sporting goods (firearms are not permitted), tobacco products, kitchen utensils, hardware, appliances, antiques, art galleries, art supplies and services, paint and wallpaper, carpeting and floor covering, office supplies, bicycles, video rental, and new automotive parts and accessories (excluding vehicle service and installation). Retail sales may be combined with other services such as office machine, computer, electronics, and similar small-item repairs. This classification includes secondhand stores. This classification excludes medical marijuana dispensaries. All local, County, State and Federal permits must be obtained prior to the start of business operations.

Retail sales, cannabis. The retail sale and delivery of cannabis or cannabis products to both adult-use and medicinal cannabis customers. A retailer shall have a licensed premise which is a physical location from which commercial cannabis activities are conducted. Retail sales, cannabis includes microbusinesses.

Right-of-way. A strip of land acquired by reservation, dedication, covered under prescription or condemnation, and intended to be occupied or occupied by a road, railroad, electric transmission lines, oil or gas pipeline, water line, sanitary storm sewer or other similar use.

Salvaging and wrecking. Storage and dismantling of vehicles and equipment for sale of parts, as well as their collection, storage, exchange or sale of goods including, but not limited to, any used building materials, used containers or steel drums, used tires, and similar or related articles or property.

Schools, public or private. Facilities for primary or secondary education, including public schools, charter schools, and private institutions having curricula comparable to that required in the public schools of the State of California.

Screening. Screening refers to a wall, fence, hedge, informal planting, or berm, provided for the purpose of buffering a building or activity from neighboring areas or from the street.

Senior housing unit. Residential units limited to occupants 55 years of age or more (as defined by Civil Code 51.3).

Second dwelling unit. A secondary residence constructed on a lot or parcel of land containing an existing, primary single-family residence. The second dwelling unit may be either attached to or detached from the existing residence, and provides complete and independent living facilities, including permanent provisions for living, sleeping, eating, cooking and sanitation. See <u>Section 9-5.121</u>, Second Dwelling Units.

Setback. The area between a property line and a building or structure, which must be kept clear or open. See also <u>Section 9-4.101</u>, Measuring Distances, and Measuring Setbacks. For permitted projections into required setbacks, see Section 9-4.201, Building Projections into Yards. See also yard.

Setback line. A line established by this title to govern the placement of buildings or structures with respect to lot lines, streets or alleys.

Sidewalk. A paved, surfaced, or leveled area, paralleling and usually separated from the street, used as a pedestrian walkway.

Single-family dwelling. A dwelling unit designed for occupancy by one household, and located on a separate lot from any other unit (except accessory living quarters, where permitted). This classification includes individual manufactured housing units installed on a foundation system pursuant to Section 18551 of the California Health and Safety Code. See Section 9-5.114, Manufactured Homes.

Detached. A single-family dwelling unit that is not attached to any other dwelling unit.

Attached. A single-family dwelling unit, located singly on a lot, but attached through common vertical walls to one or more dwellings on abutting lots. An attached single-family dwelling unit is sometimes referred to as a townhome.

Single room occupancy. A residential facility with six (6) or more guest rooms without kitchen facilities in individual rooms, or kitchen facilities for the exclusive use of guests or renters, and which are also the primary residences of the guests or renters. This use type is distinct from a hotel or motel, which is a commercial use.

Sign. Every sign, display board, poster, picture, wall graphic, graphic decorative display, map, banner, pennant, balloon, insignia, emblem or other device, with or without lettering, which is intended to advertise or attract the attention of the public, including but not limited to clocks, barber poles and similar devices. Publicly visible signs and graphics that are less than one-half (½) square foot in area, or so small as to be unreadable or unrecognizable by persons with normal eyesight from a distance of more than twenty (20) feet, shall not be considered signs so long as they do not collectively exceed ten (10) square feet in area on a given property.

Sign, election. Any sign that is designed, used or intended to induce voters to either pass or defeat a measure appearing on the ballot of any election, or to either elect or defeat a candidate for nomination or election to any public office in any election.

Sign, feather. Any sign in the shape of a feather, including feather and teardrop flags, beachwings, swooper signs, and blade signs, whether freestanding or mounted to any surface.

Sign, freestanding. Any sign erected on one or more poles or posts or similar uprights which is not a part of any building or structure, other than a structure supporting the sign.

Sign, projecting. Any sign, other than a wall sign, which is suspended from or supported by a building or wall and which projects outward there from; also any sign suspended under a marquee, awning, porch, walkway covering, or similar covering structure adjacent to a building.

Sign, roof. Any sign erected upon or over the roof or parapet of any building, including the roof of any porch, walkway covering, or similar covering structure, and supported by or connected to the roof or parapet.

Sign, temporary. A sign consisting of any material and intended to be displayed for a short period of time, in no event to exceed thirty (30) days.

Sign twirler. Also known as sign spinner, sign walker, sign waver, or human billboard. A person who applies an advertisement on his or her person, including holding, wearing, or applying a sign in any form on the human body. This also includes spinning, dancing, and wearing costumes with the sign, in order to attract attention.

Sign, wall. Any sign applied to or mounted on the wall or vertical surface of a building or structure, or to the vertical surface of a marquee, awning, porch, walkway covering, or similar covering structure adjacent to a building or structure, in an essentially flat position, with the face of the sign parallel to the plane of the wall or vertical surface, including window signs.

Sign, window. Any sign, other than a temporary sign, which is painted on, attached to, or placed or hung adjacent to, either the inside or the outside of a door or window; it does not apply to or include any display of merchandise, products or materials appurtenant to the business conducted on the premises which is not attached or placed adjacent to a window, or to any noncommercial display or exhibit designed to be seen through a window.

Site. A lot, or group of contiguous lots, that is proposed for development in accordance with the provisions of this title and is in a single ownership or under unified control.

Smoking establishments.

Tobacco bars. Any business establishment which in whole or in part is dedicated to or includes as part of the business, the smoking of tobacco or other substances. This classification includes cigar lounges, hookah bars/cafés, tobacco cafés/bars, and smoking parlors, but does not include medical marijuana dispensaries.

Solar farms, or solar photovoltaic power plants. Includes utility-scale solar energy projects selling power to a utility, with ground-mounted photovoltaic panels, and has a capacity of two (2) megawatts or more.

Solar power generating equipment and facilities. Includes solar panels, or solar generating photovoltaic panels at a size and scale suitable for commercial, industrial, and residential buildings. Solar farms, or solar photovoltaic power plants, include utility-scale solar energy projects selling power to a utility, with ground-mounted photovoltaic panels, and has a capacity of one megawatt or more.

Specialty food store. A retail store specializing in a specific type or class of foods such as a candy store, gourmet food store or a meat market.

Specialty retail store. A retail store specializing in a specific type of merchandise such as imported jewelry or clothing.

Specific plan. A plan for a defined area that is consistent with the General Plan and with the provisions of the California Government Code, Section 65450 et seq.

State. The State of California.

Story. That portion of a building included between the upper surface of any floor and the upper surface of the floor next above, except that the topmost story shall be that portion of a building included between the upper surface of the topmost floor and the roof above.

Street. A public or private thoroughfare which affords the principal means of access to adjacent property, including avenue, place, way, drive, lane, boulevard, road, and any other thoroughfare except an alley or street as defined in this section.

Street line. The boundary between a street right-of-way and property.

Structural alteration. Any change of the supporting members of a building, such as bearing walls, columns, beams or girders, floor joists, ceiling joists, roof rafters, or structural connectors.

Structure.

Accessory structure. A subordinate structure, the use of which is incidental to that of the main structure on the same lot.

Permanent structure. Anything constructed or erected which requires a fixed location on the ground, or is attached to a building or other structure having fixed location on the ground.

Primary structure (main structure). A structure housing the principal use of a site or functioning as the principal use.

Temporary structure. A structure without any foundation or footings and which is intended to be removed when the designated time period, activity, or use for which the temporary structure was erected has ceased.

Successor agency. Beginning on June 29, 2011, the City of Coalinga acts as the successor agency to the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Coalinga, pursuant to the provisions of Health and Safety Code section 34177, et seq.

Supportive Housing. See transitional and supportive housing.

Swap meet. Any indoor or outdoor place, in an approved location, or for an approved activity where new or used goods or secondhand personal property is offered for sale or exchange to the general public by individual licensed vendors, usually in compartmentalized spaces. The term swap meet is interchangeable with and applicable to: flea markets, auctions, open air markets, farmers' markets, or other similarly named or labeled activities; but the term does not include supermarket or department store retail operations. See <u>Section 9-5.124</u>, Swap Meets.

Swimming pool. A pool, pond, lake, or open tank or basin capable of containing water to a depth greater than one and one-half (1.5) feet at any point, and for the specific purpose of swimming in.

Tandem parking. An arrangement of parking spaces such that one or more spaces must be driven across in order to access another space or spaces.

Telecommunication facilities. Please also see <u>Section 9-5.125</u>, Telecommunications Facilities.

Antenna and transmission towers. Broadcasting and other communication services accomplished through electronic or telephonic mechanisms, as well as structures designed to support one or more reception/transmission systems. Examples of transmission towers include, but shall not be limited to, radio towers, television towers, telephone exchange/microwave relay towers, and cellular telephone transmission/personal communications systems towers. Examples of antennas include any system of wires, poles, rods, reflecting discs, or similar devices used for the transmission or receiving of electromagnetic radio frequency waves.

Amateur radio antenna. Any antenna used to receive or transmit radio signals on the amateur radio bandwidth, as designated by federal regulations.

Camouflage. To disguise a wireless facility by incorporating it into the architectural design of a building or structure or by utilizing design and siting techniques that disguise the wireless facility as a structure or object other than a wireless facility, which is either already present in the area or blends in with the existing environment. Examples of camouflage techniques include, but are not limited to, trees, clock towers, bell steeples, light poles and flag poles. The use of mono-pines shall not be considered appropriate camouflage unless integrated into the surrounding landscape with the use of live trees, new or existing structures or other design features.

Co-location. The location of two (2) or more wireless communication facilities on a single support structure or otherwise sharing a common location. For the purposes of this title, collocation shall also include the location of wireless communication facilities with other facilities such as water tanks, light standards, and other utility facilities and structures.

Communication tower. Any structure that is used to transmit or receive electromagnetic radio frequency waves or that supports such a device.

Facilities within buildings. Includes radio, television, or recording studios; telephone switching centers, and call centers; excludes antennae and transmission towers.

Ground-mounted. A facility that is fully or partially supported by a platform, framework, pole, or other structural system that is affixed to or placed directly on or in the ground.

Monopole. A facility that consists of a single pole structure erected on the ground to support wireless communication antennas and connecting appurtenances.

Wireless telecommunication facility. A facility containing communication towers and/or antennas and any related equipment for the purpose of transmitting or receiving electromagnetic radio frequency waves.

Temporary uses. The following terms are related to <u>Section 9-5.126</u>, Temporary Uses.

Garage sales. The sale or offering for sale to the general public of over five (5) items of personal property on a portion of a lot in a Residential Zoning District, whether inside or outside any building.

Model homes. A dwelling built in a subdivision development to allow potential home buyers to view a sample finished product before other homes in the development are completed.

Outdoor sales, temporary and seasonal. The sale or offering for sale to the general public of merchandise outside of a permanent structure on property owned or leased by the person, firm, or corporation. These sales are of a limited duration and conducted on an occasional basis, and are secondary or incidental to the principal permitted use or structure existing on the property.

Theater. A building or part of a building which is used for the commercial showing of films or presentation of live entertainment.

Thrift shop. A shop operated by a charitable organization which sells donated used merchandise.

Tobacco bars. See smoking establishments.

Townhouse. See condominium.

Trailer court. See mobile home park.

Transient. When used to define living accommodations, describes such accommodations when customarily used or furnished for a period of forty-eight (48) hours or less but in no event longer than 30 days.

Transitional and supportive housing. Transitional housing and supportive housing are permitted as a residential use and only subject to those restrictions that apply to other residential dwellings of the same type in the same zone, per Government Code Section 65583(a)(5).

Transitional housing. Buildings configured as rental housing developments and operating under program requirements that require the termination of assistance and recirculating of the assisted unit to another eligible program recipient at a predetermined future point in time that shall be no less than six (6) months from the beginning of the assistance.

Supportive housing. Housing with no limit on length of stay, occupied by the target population and linked to an onsite or offsite services that assists the supportive housing resident in retaining the housing, improving his or her health status, and maximizing his or her ability to live, and when possible, work in the community.

Target population. Persons with low incomes who have one or more disabilities, including mental illness, HIV or AIDS, substance abuse, or other chronic health condition, or individuals eligible for services provided pursuant to the Lanterman Developmental Disabilities Services Act (Division 4.5 (commencing with Section 4500) of the Welfare and Institutions Code) and may include, among other populations, adults, emancipated minors, families with children, elderly persons, young adults aging out of the foster care system, individuals exiting from institutional settings, veterans, and homeless people. (Government Code Section 65582(g))

Transportation passenger terminals. Facilities for passenger transportation operations. This classification includes rail stations, bus terminals, and scenic and sightseeing facilities, but does not include airports or heliports.

Truck stop. Any building, premises or land in which or upon which a business, service, or industry involving the maintenance, servicing, storage or repair of commercial vehicles is conducted or rendered including the dispensing of fuel, and the sale of accessories or equipment for trucks and similar commercial vehicles. A truck stop also may

include overnight accommodations and restaurants primarily for the use of truck drivers.

Truck terminal. A facility used for the maintenance and short-term storage of trucks, or the loading and exchange of cargo.

Unit. See dwelling unit.

Use. The purpose for which a site or structure is arranged, designed, intended, constructed, erected, moved, altered, or enlarged for which either a site or a structure is or may be occupied or maintained.

Use, accessory. A use that is customarily associated with, and is incidental and subordinate to, the principal use and located on the same lot as the principal use.

Use, primary. A primary or dominant use established, or proposed to be established, on a lot.

Use, nonconforming. See nonconforming use.

Utilities. Sewer, gas, electrical, and water systems located and constructed for the purpose of supporting development. Includes major utilities such as plants, stations and facilities for power generation, transfer, materials recovery, treatment of solid waste and wastewater. Also includes minor utilities such as electrical distribution lines, underground water and sewer lines.

Utilities, major. Generating plants, electric substations, solid waste collection, including transfer stations and materials recovery (recycling processing) facilities, solid waste treatment and disposal, water or wastewater treatment plants, and similar facilities of public agencies or public utilities.

Utilities, minor. Facilities necessary to support established uses involving only minor structures, such as electrical distribution lines, and underground water and sewer lines.

Variance. Permission to depart from the requirements of this title. See Chapter 6, Article 7, Variances.

Variety store. A retail establishment that sells various household items.

Vehicle. A device by which any person or property may be propelled, moved or drawn upon a street, except a device moved by human power or used exclusively upon stationary rails or tracks.

Vehicle storage. Parking or placing any motor vehicle for a period in excess of three (3) consecutive days, or six (6) days in any calendar year.

Veterinary hospital or clinic. A completely enclosed building designed, arranged and intended to be used for the medical treatment and care incidental thereto of animals.

Vibration. A periodic motion of the particles of an elastic body or medium in alternately opposite directions from the position of equilibrium.

Visible. Capable of being seen (whether or not legible) by a person of normal height and visual acuity walking or driving on a public road.

Visitor accommodations. An establishment offering lodging to travelers. See hotels and motels.

Weekday. Any day, Monday through Friday, that is not a federal, state, or local holiday.

Wall. A structural device forming a physical barrier or restraining soil, and supported by a continuous foundation. This definition includes both exterior and interior walls.

Warehousing and storage. Storage and distribution facilities without sales to the public on-site or direct public access.

Chemical, mineral, and explosives storage. Storage of hazardous materials including but not limited to: bottled gas, chemicals, minerals and ores, petroleum or petroleum-based fuels, fireworks, and explosives.

Indoor warehousing and storage. The storage of general merchandise or refrigerated goods within enclosed buildings. Establishments in this classification provide facilities to store commercial goods, but do not sell the goods they handle. They may provide a range of services related to the distribution of goods, including labeling, breaking bulk, inventory control and management, order entry and fulfillment, price marking and ticketing, and transportation arrangement. However, they always provide warehousing or storage in addition to any logistics services.

Outdoor storage. Storage of vehicles or commercial goods in open lots as a primary use.

Personal storage. Facilities offering storage for individual use, including mini-warehouses and mini-storage.

Wholesaling and distribution. Indoor storage and sale of goods to other firms for resale; storage of goods for transfer to retail outlets of the same firm; or storage and sale of materials and supplies used in production or operation, including janitorial and restaurant supplies. Wholesalers are primarily engaged in business-to-business sales, but may sell to individual consumers through mail or internet orders. They normally operate from a warehouse or office.

Wireless communication tower. A communication tower used for the transmission of digitized wireless transmissions.

Yard. An open space on a lot that is unoccupied and unobstructed from the ground upward, except as otherwise permitted in this title.

Yard, front. A yard extending across the entire front of the lot between the side lot lines and measured from the front line of the lot to the nearest permitted line of the building; provided however, that if any official plan line has been established for the street upon which the lot faces, the front yard measurements shall be taken from such official plan line to the nearest permitted line of the building.

Yard, rear. A yard extending across the full width of the lot and measured between the rear lot and the nearest line of the main building.

Yard, side. A yard between the side line of the lot and the nearest line of the building and extending from the front line of the lot to the rear yard. A street side yard shares a property line with a street right-of-way.

Zoning Administrator. The Community Development Director of the City of Coalinga, or his or her designee.

Zoning District. A specifically delineated area or district in the city within which regulations and requirements uniformly govern the use, placement, spacing, and size of land and buildings.

(Ord. No. 776, § 1(Exh. A), eff. <u>9-5-2014</u>; Ord. No. <u>797</u>, § 3, eff. 12-3-2016; <u>Ord. No. 802</u>, § 1, eff. 4-14-2018; <u>Ord. No. 804</u>, § 4, eff. 2-3-2018)